

ISBT 128 STANDARD

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1 Introduction

This document provides a standard terminology for describing transfusion and transplantation products. It is designed to allow distinction between products where such is required on safety, clinical practice, or inventory management grounds. Although primarily developed to ensure standard labeling of products, the terminology has a wider application in ensuring a common international understanding of specialized terms. Other professional and accreditation bodies have adapted their terminology to be consistent with this document. All references to biologic materials in this document are of human origin unless specifically stated otherwise.

The terminology is under constant review in order to keep pace with clinical developments, and this document is regularly updated.

The underlying structure of the terminology is based on the concepts of Class, Modifiers, and Attributes:

Classes are broad descriptions of products. Examples are RED BLOOD CELLS; HPC, APHERESIS; SKIN, FULL WITH HYPODERMIS; and SOLVENT DETERGENT POOLED PLASMA.

Modifiers are applied to Classes in order to provide the next step in the categorization of the product. Examples are Washed, Thawed, and Deglycerolized. Modifiers do not apply to all product types.

Attributes provide the means to uniquely define the product. For Blood, Cellular Therapy, and Derivative products, there is a mandatory attribute group called Core Conditions which must be explicitly selected.

Core Conditions convey three types of information:

- 1. anticoagulant and/or additive,
- 2. nominal collection volume, and
- 3. storage temperature.

There are also attribute groups which have a default value if not explicitly assigned. These remaining attribute groups are the general categories used to describe detailed characteristics of products. Within each attribute group there are a number of possible values, referred to as variables, of which only one can be selected. For example, "intended use" is a group; "for transfusion" is a variable within that group. Where a product does not have a variable assigned for a particular group, the default variable for that group will apply.

The following sections describe the terminology for each of the families of products supported by ISBT 128: Blood, Tissues, Cellular Therapy, Ocular, Human Milk, Topical Products of Human Origin, Fecal Microbiota, Reproductive, Plasma Derivatives, In Vivo Diagnostic MPHO, Organs, and Regenerated Tissue.

1.1 Use of the Terminology in ISBT 128 Product Codes

The ISBT 128 Product Description Code Database, which is maintained and published by ICCBBA, uses product descriptions based on this terminology. It is the responsibility of users of ISBT 128 product codes to check the definitions before using a code to ensure that their product is correctly described within this terminology.

Where a list is specified as bounded then all the permitted values are shown. If a new value is required that is not in the list, then a request needs to be made by submitting an e-mail request to ICCBBA describing the new value required and providing a clear and concise definition.

Unbounded lists, such as those for volume or temperature ranges, are those where example values are given but additional values may exist.

Note: Many temperature ranges are expressed using the inequalities <= or <. As these are used differently in various normative standards, this has resulted over time in requests for the inclusion of various temperature expressions in, for example, the core condition attributes. To remove the need to have separate core conditions to meet this distinction, it has been determined that for a continuous variable such as temperature the inequalities < and <= are identical for practical purposes (for example, the range <=-30C is considered indistinguishable to <-30C). Consequently, the existence of normative references distinguishing between <= and <, is not considered sufficient justification for the provision of separate core conditions to meet these distinctions.

The default value for each attribute group is the value taken if no attribute value is selected for that group.

Where new characterizations of products become necessary, ICCBBA will assign new attribute groups.

In some cases there will be additional information that may be of value to the administering clinician, but does not need to be encoded. Such information can be included in eye-readable text on the label and/or in the accompanying documentation.

The values presented in this document match the values held in the product database with a corresponding version number. Thus version 6.17 of this document corresponds with database versions 6.17.x.

Each Product Description Code represents a unique combination of Class, Modifier (as applicable), and Attribute values (as applicable). The codes can therefore be used to map to the text descriptions required to describe the product in accordance with individual national requirements.

2 Blood

2.1 Class

2.1.1 Bounded List and Definitions

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition | | |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|---|--|--|
| CONVALESCENT PLASMA | CONVALESCENT PLASMA | Plasma collected from a donor who has recovered from a disease. It is collected with the intent of providing passive immunity for other patients and intended for direct transfusion. Unless otherwise specified, the product has been obtained from Whole Blood. | | |
| CRYOPRECIPITATE | CRYOPRECIPITATE | A product containing the major portion of Factor VIII and fibrinogen prepared from a unit of Fresh Frozen Plasma. | | |
| FRESH FROZEN PLASMA | FRESH FROZEN PLASMA | Plasma that has been frozen by a process and to a temperature that will maintain the activity of labile protein fractions. Unless otherwise specified the product has been obtained from Whole Blood. | | |
| GRANULOCYTES | GRANULOCYTES | A product in which the major cellular component is granulocytes; preparation includes a sedimenting agent. Unless otherwise specified the product has been obtained from Whole Blood. | | |
| GRANULOCYTES- PLATELETS | GRANULOCYTES- PLATELETS | A product in which the major cellular components are granulocytes and platelets. Unless otherwise specified the product has been obtained from Whole Blood. | | |
| IMMUNE PLASMA | IMMUNE PLASMA | Plasma that meets requirements of, and is intended for, further manufacture into immune globulin products. Unless otherwise specified, the product has been obtained from Whole Blood and frozen. | | |
| LEUKOCYTES | LEUKOCYTES | A product in which the major cellular component is leukocytes. Unless otherwise specified the product has been obtained from Whole Blood. | | |
| PLASMA | PLASMA | Plasma. Unless otherwise specified the product has been obtained from Whole Blood and frozen. | | |
| PLATELET-RICH BUFFY-COAT | PLATELET-RICH BUFFY-COAT | Buffy-coat prepared by initial hard centrifugation of whole blood for later recovery of the platelets in a second, gentle centrifugation step. | | |
| PLATELET-RICH PLASMA | PLATELET-RICH PLASMA | Plasma containing platelets removed from whole blood by a process designed to obtain maximum platelet recovery. | | |

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|
| PLATELETS | PLATELETS | A product that contains platelets as the major cellular component. Unless otherwise specified the product has been obtained from Whole Blood. |
| PLATELET LYSATE | PLATELET LYSATE | A product containing lysed platelets prepared by further processing of a platelet product. |
| POOLED CRYOPRECIPITATE | POOLED CRYOPRECIPITATE | A product prepared by combining two or more single units of Cryoprecipitate into one container. |
| POOLED FRESH FROZEN PLASMA | POOLED FRESH FROZEN PLASMA | Pooled plasma that has been frozen by a process and to a temperature that will maintain the activity of labile protein fractions. Unless otherwise specified the product has been obtained from Whole Blood. When this class is associated with psoralen treatment, the plasma may have been frozen and thawed prior to the psoralen treatment. |
| POOLED GRANULOCYTES | POOLED GRANULOCYTES | A product prepared by combining two or more single units of Granulocytes into one container. |
| POOLED PLASMA | POOLED PLASMA | A product prepared by combining two or more single units of Plasma into one container. |
| POOLED PLATELET-RICH BUFFY-COAT | POOLED PLATELET-RICH BUFFY-COAT | A product prepared by combining two or more single units of Platelet-Rich Buffy-Coat into one container. |
| POOLED PLATELETS | POOLED PLATELETS | A product prepared by combining two or more single units of Platelets into one container. |
| POOLED SERUM | POOLED SERUM | A product prepared by combining two or more single units of Serum into one container. |
| RED BLOOD CELLS | RED BLOOD CELLS | Blood from which most of the plasma has been removed. Unless otherwise specified the product has been obtained from Whole Blood. |
| SERUM | SERUM | The liquid portion of blood following the completion of the clotting process. |
| WHOLE BLOOD | WHOLE BLOOD | A unit of blood collected into an anticoagulant and not further processed unless otherwise specified. |

2.2 Modifier

2.2.1 Bounded List and Definitions

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|---|-------------------------------|---|
| Apheresis Apheresis | | A blood collection process in which some part of the donation is returned to the donor. |
| Deglycerolized | Deglycerolized | The removal of glycerol by washing. |
| Deglycerolized | Deglycerolized | The removal of glycerol by washing from an apheresis |
| Apheresis | Apheresis | product. |
| Deglycerolized Rejuvenated | Deglycerolized Rejuvenated | A product in which the cells were rejuvenated (see below), glycerol added and then frozen, and subsequently thawed and deglycerolized. |
| Deglycerolized | Deglycerolizd | An apheresis product in which the cells were |
| Rejuvenated | Rejuvenatd | rejuvenated (see below), glycerol added and then |
| Apheresis | Apheresis | frozen, and subsequently thawed and deglycerolized. |
| Frozen | Frozen | A product maintained in the frozen state after preparation. |
| Frozen | Frozen | An apheresis product maintained in the frozen state |
| Apheresis | Apheresis | after preparation. |
| Frozen | Frozen | A product in which the cells were rejuvenated (see |
| Rejuvenated | Rejuvenated | below), glycerol added and then frozen. |
| Frozen | Frozen | An apheresis product in which the cells were |
| Rejuvenated | Rejuvenated | rejuvenated (see below), glycerol added and then |
| Apheresis | Apheresis | frozen. |
| Liquid | Liquid | A product that has been stored in the liquid state and has not been previously frozen. |
| Liquid Apheresis | Liquid Apheresis | An apheresis product that has been stored in the liquid state and has not been previously frozen. |
| Lyophilized Apheresis | Lyophilized Apheresis | An apheresis product that is preserved in a freeze dried state achieved by freezing followed by sublimation of water under vacuum to very low residual moisture contents. |
| Lyophilized | Lyophilized | Preservation in a freeze dried state achieved by freezing followed by sublimation of water under vacuum to very low residual moisture contents. |
| Reconstituted | Reconstituted | Restoration of a lyophilized product by the addition of liquid. |
| Rejuvenated | Rejuvenated | The treatment of Red Blood Cells by a method known to restore 2,3 DPG and ATP to normal levels or above. |
| Rejuvenated Apheresis Rejuvenated Apheresis | | The treatment of apheresis Red Blood Cells by a method known to restore 2,3 DPG and ATP to normal levels or above. |
| Thawed | Thawed | A product that is currently in the liquid state but has been previously frozen. |
| Thawed Apheresis | Thawed Apheresis | An apheresis product that is currently in the liquid state but has been previously frozen. |
| Washed | Washed | The treatment of a cellular product using a compatible solution to remove most of the plasma proteins. |

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|----------------------------|----------------------------|---|
| Washed Washed Apheresis | | The treatment of an apheresis cellular product using a compatible solution to remove most of the plasma proteins. |
| Washed Thawed | Washed Thawed | A product that has been thawed and subsequently washed to remove most of the plasma proteins. |
| Washed Thawed Apheresis | Washed Thawed Apheresis | An apheresis product that has been thawed and subsequently washed to remove most of the plasma proteins. |

2.3 Attribute

2.3.1 Core Conditions

Core Conditions is the term used to describe three pieces of information:

The anticoagulant/additive/cryoprotectant solution
The nominal volume of the original collection excluding anticoagulant
The temperature at which the product should be stored

With the exception of platelet additive solutions, abbreviated names are used in accordance with standard naming conventions for anticoagulants/additives. For the formulations for many of the Red Cell preservative solutions see: Klein, HG and Anstee, DJ: Mollison's Blood Transfusion in Clinical Medicine, 11th edition, Blackwell, 2005, pp 855 et seq.

Platelet additive solution (PAS) names and formulations are as described in the table below. See Appendix A for an explanation on the use of platelet additive solutions terminology.

Table of Platelet Additive Solutions

| New Name | Citrate | Phosphate | Acetate | Magnesium | Potassium | Gluconate | Glucose | Alternative Names | Previous ISBT 128 Name |
|-------------|---------|-----------|---------|-----------|-----------|-----------|---------|---------------------------------|--|
| PAS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | | Not named |
| PAS-A | Х | Х | | | Х | | | PAS (1) | Not named |
| PAS-B | Х | | х | | | | | PAS II, PAS-2, SSP, T-Sol | PASII |
| PAS-C | Х | Х | Х | | | | | PAS III, PAS-3, Intersol | PASIII |
| PAS-D | X | | Х | X | X | Х | | Composol PS | PAS IIIMgK (note, Composol PS should not have been called PASIIIMgK) |
| PAS-E | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | | | PAS IIIM, SSP+, *T-PAS+ | Not named |
| PAS-F | | | Х | Х | Х | Х | | PlasmaLyte A, Isoplate | Not named |
| PAS-G | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | | Х | | Not named |

Source: Ringwald, J., Zimmerman, R., and Eckstein, R: The New Generation of Platelet Additive Solution for Storage at 22°C: Development and Current Experience, Transfusion Medicine Reviews, Vol 20, No 2 (April), 2006: pp 158-164.

^{*}Source: Terumo BCT- Platelet Additive Solution (T-PAS+) 40840, 40841, 40842, 40843 • Solutions Specification Sheet • PN: 777020-246

While other ingredients may also be present, the classification is based on citrate, phosphate, acetate, magnesium, potassium, gluconate, and glucose. Other ingredients that differentiate platelet additive solutions may be added as additional products are developed. Request for additional PASs should be submitted to the ICCBBA office.

Specific temperatures are not always given in the description since differing specific temperature ranges must be adhered to within a given country. For example, refg (refrigerated) is used rather than a specific range, such as 1–4 C. When a specific temperature is given it is expressed in degrees Celsius.

2.3.1.1 Core Conditions lists and definitions

First Position – bounded list

| Common Name ISBT 128 Database Name | | Definition | | |
|------------------------------------|-------------|---|--|--|
| 0.5 CPD | 0.5 CPD | CPD Half-strength | | |
| ACD-A ACD-A | | Acid Citrate Dextrose, Formula A | | |
| ACD-A>AS1 | ACD-A>AS1 | Acid Citrate Dextrose, Formula A – Additive Solution 1 | | |
| ACD-A>AS3 | ACD-A>AS3 | Acid Citrate Dextrose, Formula A – Additive Solution 3 | | |
| ACD-A> PAS-C | ACD-A>PAS-C | Acid Citrate Dextrose, Formula A – Platelet Additive Solution C | | |
| ACD-A> PAS-D | ACD-A>PAS-D | Acid Citrate Dextrose, Formula A – Platelet Additive Solution D | | |
| ACD-A> PAS-E | ACD-A>PAS-E | Acid Citrate Dextrose, Formula A – Platelet Additive Solution E | | |
| ACD-A>SAGM | ACD-A>SAGM | Acid Citrate Dextrose, Formula A – Saline-Adenine-Glucose-Mannitol | | |
| ACD-A-HES | ACD-A-HES | Acid Citrate Dextrose, Formula A – Hydroxyethyl starch | | |
| ACD-B | ACD-B | Acid Citrate Dextrose, Formula B | | |
| ACD-B>MAP | ACD-B>MAP | Acid Citrate Dextrose, Formula B – Mannitol- Adenine-Phosphate | | |
| AS1 | AS1 | Additive Solution 1 | | |
| AS2 | AS2 | Additive Solution 2 | | |
| AS3 | AS3 | Additive Solution 3 | | |
| AS5 | AS5 | Additive Solution 5 | | |
| AS7 | AS7 | Additive Solution 7 | | |
| CP2D | CP2D | Citrate Phosphate Double Dextrose | | |
| CP2D>AS3 | CP2D>AS3 | Citrate Phosphate Double Dextrose – Additive Solution 3 | | |
| CPD-50 | CPD-50 | Citrate Phosphate Dextrose 50 | | |
| CPD-50>SAGM | CPD-50>SAGM | Citrate Phosphate Dextrose 50 – Saline-Adenine- Glucose-Mannitol | | |
| CPD | CPD | Citrate Phosphate Dextrose | | |
| CPD>AS1 | CPD>AS1 | Citrate Phosphate Dextrose – Additive Solution 1 | | |
| CPD>AS3 | CPD>AS3 | Citrate Phosphate Dextrose – Additive Solution 3 | | |
| CPD>AS5 | CPD>AS5 | Citrate Phosphate Dextrose – Additive Solution 5 | | |
| CPD>AS7 | CPD>AS7 | Citrate Phosphate Dextrose – Additive Solution 7 | | |
| CPD>PAS-C | CPD>PAS-C | Citrate Phosphate Dextrose – Platelet Additive Solution C | | |
| CPD>PAS-D | CPD>PAS-D | Citrate Phosphate Dextrose – Platelet Additive Solution D | | |
| CPD>SAGM | CPD>SAGM | Citrate Phosphate Dextrose – Saline-Adenine- Glucose-Mannitol | | |
| CPDA-1 | CPDA-1 | Citrate Phosphate Dextrose Adenine, Solution 1 | | |
| DMSO | DMSO | Dimethylsulfoxide | | |
| 17% Glycerol Gly17% | | Glycerol 17% | | |

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|---|---------------------------|---|
| 35% Glycerol | Gly35% | Glycerol 35% |
| 40% Glycerol | Gly40% | Glycerol 40% |
| Heparin | Heparin | Heparin |
| MAP | MAP | Mannitol-Adenine-Phosphate |
| NaCitrate | NaCitrate | Sodium Citrate solution |
| NaCitrate- Dextran NaCitrate-Dextran | | Sodium Citrate solution – Dextran |
| NaCitrate-HES | NaCitrate-HES | Sodium Citrate solution – Hydroxyethyl starch |
| NaCitrate-HES- ACD-A | NaCitrate-HES- ACD-A | Sodium Citrate solution – Hydroxyethyl starch –Acid Citrate Dextrose, Formula A |
| None None | | no significant amount of anticoagulant or additive is present |
| Not specified NS | | not specified |
| PAGGS-M PAGGS-M | | Phosphate Adenine Guanosine Glucose Saline – Mannitol |
| SAGM SAGM | | Saline-Adenine-Glucose-Mannitol |

Second Position – examples (this list is not bounded, other volumes may be defined)

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|-----------------|---------------------------|---|
| 250 milliliters | 250mL | The nominal volume of the original collection excluding anticoagulant is 250 milliliters. |
| 350 milliliters | 350mL | The nominal volume of the original collection excluding anticoagulant is 350 milliliters. |
| 450 milliliters | 450mL | The nominal volume of the original collection excluding anticoagulant is 450 milliliters. |
| 500 milliliters | 500mL | The nominal volume of the original collection excluding anticoagulant is 500 milliliters. |
| xx | XX | "XX" specifies that the original collection volume is not encoded as part of the core conditions. Specific information may be given as additional label text. |

Third Position – examples (this list is not bounded, other temperature ranges may be defined)

| Common ISBT 128 Name Database Name | | Definition | | |
|---------------------------------------|--------|---|--|--|
| < 37 C | <37C | Less than 37 degrees Celsius. | | |
| 20-24 C | 20-24C | Between 20 and 24 degrees Celsius; intended for the use in platelet products. | | |
| ≤ -18 C | <=-18C | Less than or equal to -18 degrees Celsius. | | |
| ≤ -30 C | <=-30C | Less than or equal to -30 degrees Celsius. | | |
| ≤ -65 C | <=-65C | Less than or equal to -65 degrees Celsius. | | |
| ≤ -80 C | <=-80C | Less than or equal to -80 degrees Celsius. | | |
| Frozen | Frozen | Frozen (a specific range may be nationally-specified). | | |
| Refrigerated | refg | Refrigerated (between 1 to 10 degrees Celsius; narrower range may be nationally specified). | | |

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|---------------------|---------------------------|--|
| Room temperature | rt | Ambient room temperature (a specific range may be nationally-specified). |

2.3.2 Groups and Variables

Any additional manipulation or change to the product from its "core" state is reflected by the addition of one or more attributes from the groups and variables detailed below. Such additional manipulations or changes are indicated by a different Product Description Code.

2.3.2.1 Groups: Bounded list and definitions

| Group Name | Description |
|--|--|
| Intended Use | Describes the expected use of the product. |
| System Integrity | Describes the microbiological integrity of the collection/storage system. |
| Irradiation | Describes any exposure of the product to irradiation to prevent graft versus host disease. |
| Residual Leukocyte Content | Describes the target residual leukocyte content of the product. |
| Altered | Describes the adding of and/or removing from a product specified elements. |
| Final Content | Provides supplementary information on the volume of the final product. |
| Preparation: Additional Information | Provides supplementary information about the preparation of a product. |
| Apheresis Container: Additional Information | Provides additional information related to an apheresis procedure. |
| Quarantine: Additional Information | Provides information related to the time a product is stored prior to retesting a second sample subsequently collected from the donor. |
| Dosage: Additional Information | Provides information related to the number of platelets in a platelet product OR the number of units in a pooled product. The number of units in the latter case does not include additional units that do not contribute to the therapeutic dose (e.g., a plasma unit added to dilute a pooled platelet product). |
| Pathogen Reduction | Provides information about a treatment method used to reduce the possibility of the transmission of disease. |
| Hematocrit | Specifies the packed cell volume of a Red Blood Cells product. |
| Monitoring | Provides information on the on-going assessment of the product. |
| Donor Exposure: Additional Information | Provides information related to the number of donors whose products are present in the final product. |
| Infection | Provides information about specific disease history of the donor. This attribute group is to be used with the class CONVALESCENT PLASMA. |
| Antibody Specificity | Indicates the specificity of the antibody desired for further manufacture. |

2.3.2.2 Variables – bounded lists and definitions

2.3.2.2.1 Intended Use Group

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|--|---|--|
| Default | Default: For transfusion | The product is intended for transfusion. |
| For further manufacture into injectable product | For mnf: injectable | A product intended for further manufacturing (processing) into a product that is injectable. |
| For further manufacture into injectable product for source plasma | For mnf: injectable- source | A product collected by apheresis intended for further manufacturing (processing) into a product that is injectable. The plasma was intended for further manufacturing at the time of collection. (Note: This attribute is intended for use within the US where the US FDA requires differentiating the intended use of apheresis plasma at the time of collection.) |
| For further manufacture into injectable product with restricted use | For mnf: injectable restr use | A product intended for further manufacturing (processing) into a product that is injectable. The use of the product is further restricted by national regulation or guidelines. |
| For further manufacture into noninjectable product | For mnf: noninjectable | A product that is intended for further manufacturing into a product that is not intended for injection into humans. |
| For further manufacture into noninjectable product for source plasma | For mnf:noninjectable-source | A product collected by apheresis intended for further manufacturing (processing) into a product that is noninjectable. The plasma was intended for further manufacturing at the time of collection. (Note: This attribute is intended for use within the US where the US FDA requires differentiating the intended use of apheresis plasma at the time of collection.) |
| For further manufacture into noninjectable product (converted) | For mnf: noninjectable- converted | A product collected by apheresis intended for further manufacturing (processing) into a product that is non-injectable. The plasma was originally intended for transfusion and subsequently the intended use of the plasma was changed. (Note: This attribute is intended for use within the US where the US FDA requires differentiating the intended use of apheresis plasma at the time of collection.) |
| For further manufacture into noninjectable product with restricted use | For mnf: noninjectable restr use | A product that is intended for further manufacturing into a product that is not intended for injection into humans. The use of the product is further restricted by national regulation or guidelines. |

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|--|---------------------------|--|
| Not for transfusion or further manufacturing | Not for tx or mnf | A product that is not to be used for transfusion/transplantation or further manufacturing into products for human use. |

2.3.2.2.2 System Integrity Group

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|-------------|---------------------------|--|
| Default | Default: Closed | The product has been prepared in a closed system and the microbiological integrity of the system has not been compromised. |
| Open system | Open | The system has been opened and the microbiological integrity may have been compromised. |

2.3.2.2.3 Irradiation Group

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|-------------|----------------------------|--|
| Default | Default: Not irradiated | The product has not been exposed to irradiation. |
| Irradiated | Irradiated | The product has been exposed to irradiation sufficient to prevent the proliferation of lymphocytes upon transfusion; the dose requirement is specified by each national regulatory organization. |

2.3.2.2.4 Residual Leukocyte Content Group

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|-------------------------------|--|--|
| Default | Default: | No information regarding leukoreduction or final |
| Delauit | No information | leukocyte concentration is provided. |
| Residual Leukocyte | | A procedure has been used to reduce the |
| Content Not | ResLeu: NS | leukocyte count of the product but the target |
| Specified | | count is not specified. |
| Residual Leukocyte | ResLeu: <2E5 | The target residual leukocyte content is less than |
| Content < 2x10 ⁵ | Nesteu. <zes< td=""><td>2x10⁵</td></zes<> | 2x10 ⁵ |
| Residual Leukocyte | ResLeu: <5E5 | The target residual leukocyte content is less than |
| Content < 5x10 ⁵ | Resteu. <5E5 | 5x10 ⁵ |
| Residual Leukocyte | ResLeu: <8.3E5 | The target residual leukocyte content is less than |
| Content < 8.3x10 ⁵ | Nesteu. <0.3E3 | 8.3x10 ⁵ |
| Residual Leukocyte | ResLeu: <1E6 | The target residual leukocyte content is less than |
| Content <1x10 ⁶ | Resteu. < IEO | 1x10 ⁶ |

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|--|---------------------------|--|
| Residual Leukocyte count < 1x10 ⁶ via whole blood filter | ResLeu: <1E6,WB filtr | The target residual leukocyte content of less than 1x10 ⁶ is achieved by filtration of the whole blood before separation of components. |
| Residual Leukocyte count < 1x10 ⁶ via Red Blood Cell filter | ResLeu: <1E6,RBC filtr | The target residual leukocyte content of less than 1x10 ⁶ is achieved by filtration of the red cells following separation from whole blood. |
| Residual Leukocyte Content < 2.5x10 ⁶ | ResLeu: <2.5E6 | The target residual leukocyte content is less than 2.5x10 ⁶ |
| Residual Leukocyte Content < 5x10 ⁶ | ResLeu: <5E6 | The target residual leukocyte content is less than 5x10 ⁶ |
| Residual Leukocyte Content < 5x10 ⁸ | ResLeu: <5E8 | The target residual leukocyte content is less than 5x10 ⁸ |
| Residual Leukocyte Content < 1.2x10 ⁹ | ResLeu: <1.2E9 | The target residual leukocyte content is less than 1.2x109 |

2.3.2.2.5 Altered Group

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|--|------------------------------------|---|
| Default | Default: Not altered | The product has not been altered by the addition or removal of liquid or cells. |
| Albumin added | Albumin added | Albumin has been added to the blood product. |
| Buffy coat removed | Buffy coat removed | A blood product from which the buffy coat has been removed. |
| Complement inactivated | Complement inactivated | The product has been heat treated to inactivate complement. |
| Cryoprecipitate reduced | Cryo reduced | The amount of cryoprecipitate in the blood product has been reduced from the original amount. |
| Plasma added | Plasma added | A blood product to which plasma has been added. |
| Plasma reduced | Plasma reduced | A blood product from which a portion of the plasma has been removed. |
| Plasma reduced and Albumin added | Plasma reduced/Albumin added | A blood product from which a portion of the plasma has been removed, and albumin has been added. |
| Plasma reduced and Plasma added | Plasma reduced/Plasma added | A blood product from which most of the original plasma has been removed and, in a further step, a quantity of plasma has been added to the product. |
| Plasma reduced and Saline added | Plasma reduced/Saline added | A blood product from which most of the original plasma has been removed and in a further step a quantity of saline has been added to the product. |
| Plasma removed and SAGM added | Plasma removed/SAGM added | A blood product from which, in steps performed after the initial processing of the whole blood product into components, most of the original plasma has been removed and a quantity of SAGM has been added. |

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|--|----------------------------------|--|
| Platelets reduced | Plts reduced | The platelets have been reduced from the original amount. |
| Platelets and Cryoprecipitate reduced | Plts/Cryo reduced | The platelets and cryoprecipitate have been reduced from the original amount. |
| RBC content reduced | RBC content reduced | A blood product from which most of the red cells have been reduced. |
| Saline added | Saline added | A blood product to which saline has been added. |
| Supernatant reduced | Supernat reduced | The supernatant additive/anticoagulant or other solution has been reduced from the original amount. |
| Supernatant removed | Supernat rem | A blood product from which most of the supernatant additive/anticoagulant or other solution has been removed. |
| Supernatant removed and albumin added | Supernat rem/ Albumin added | A blood product from which most of the supernatant additive/anticoagulant or other solution has been removed and, in a further step, albumin has been added. |
| Supernatant removed and plasma added | Supernat rem/ Plasma added | A blood product from which most of the supernatant additive/anticoagulant or other solution has been removed and, in a further step, a quantity of plasma has been added to the product. |
| Supernatant removed and quarantined plasma added | Supernat rem/Q- Plasma added | A blood product from which most of the supernatant additive/anticoagulant or other solution has been removed and, in a further step, a quantity of quarantined plasma has been added to the product. |
| Supernatant removed and solvent detergent plasma added | Supernat rem/SD- Plasma added | A blood product from which most of the supernatant additive/anticoagulant or other solution has been removed and, in a further step, a quantity of solvent detergent plasma has been added to the product. |

2.3.2.2.6 Final Content Group

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|---------------|-------------------------------------|---|
| Default | Default: Usual nominal volume | The contents are consistent with the expected, usual volume. |
| 1 milliliter | 1mL | Approximately 1 milliliter; actual range of volume established by processing facility. |
| 2 milliliters | 2mL | Approximately 2 milliliters; actual range of volume established by processing facility. |

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|--|------------------------------|--|
| 5 milliliters | 5mL | Approximately 5 milliliters; actual range of volume established by processing facility. |
| 25 milliliters | 25mL | Approximately 25 milliliters; actual range of volume established by processing facility. |
| 50 milliliters | 50mL | Approximately 50 milliliters; actual range of volume established by processing facility. |
| < 200 milliliters | <200mL | The volume of the blood product is less than 200 milliliters. |
| ≥ 200 milliliters and < 400 milliliters | >=200mL<400mL | The volume of the blood product is greater than or equal to 200 milliliters and is less than 400 milliliters. |
| ≥ 400 milliliters and < 600 milliliters | >=400mL<600mL | The volume of the blood product is greater than or equal to 400 milliliters and is less than 600 milliliters. |
| ≥ 600 milliliters | >=600mL | The volume of the blood product is greater than or equal to 600 milliliters. |
| Final Content not specified | Fin Con:NS | No information is provided regarding the final content. |
| Low volume, anticoagulant volume adjusted | LowVol: anticoag adjusted | The volume of the product is less than the expected volume and the volume of the anticoagulant into which the original collection was made was adjusted to compensate. |
| Low volume, anticoagulant volume not adjusted | LowVol: anticoag not adj | The volume of the product is less than the expected volume and the volume of the anticoagulant into which the original collection was made was not adjusted to compensate. |

2.3.2.2.7 Preparation — Additional Information Group

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|------------------------------------|---|---|
| Default | Default: Prep: No additional info | There is no additional information about the preparation of the product. |
| Platelets prepared from buffy-coat | Buffy coat plts prep | The platelets were prepared from the buffy-coat following centrifugation. |
| Frozen in ≤ 2 hours | Frozen <=2h | The plasma was placed in the freezer within 2 hours or less from the time it was collected in a system that assured complete freezing within one hour to a temperature of <= -30 Celsius. |
| Frozen in ≤ 6 hours | Frozen <=6h | The plasma was placed in the freezer within 6 hours or less from the time it was collected in a system that assured complete freezing within one hour to a temperature of <= -30 Celsius. |
| Frozen in ≤ 8 hours | Frozen <=8h | The plasma was placed in the freezer within 8 hours or less from the time it was collected in a system that assured complete freezing within one hour to a temperature of <= -30 Celsius. |

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|--|---------------------------|---|
| Frozen in ≤ 15 hours | Frozen <=15h | The plasma was placed in the freezer within 15 hours or less from the time of collection. |
| Frozen in ≤ 18 hours | Frozen <=18h | The plasma was placed in the freezer within 18 hours or less from the time of collection in a system that assured complete freezing within one hour to a temperature of <= -30 Celsius. |
| Frozen in ≤ 24 hours | Frozen <=24h | The plasma was placed in the freezer within 24 hours or less from the time of collection. |
| Frozen in ≤ 26 hours | Frozen <=26h | The plasma was placed in the freezer within 26 hours or less from the time of collection. |
| Frozen in > 24 hours | Frozen >24h | The plasma was placed in the freezer more than 24 hours after the time of collection. |
| Frozen in ≤ 48 hours | Frozen <=48h | The plasma was placed in the freezer within 48 hours or less from the time of collection. |
| Frozen in ≤ 72 hours | Frozen <=72h | The plasma was placed in the freezer within 72 hours or less from the time of collection. |
| Frozen in ≤ 120 hours | Frozen <=120h | The plasma was placed in the freezer within 120 hours or less from the time of collection. |
| Granulocytes prepared using hydroxyethyl starch | Granulocytes prep: HES | Hydroxyethyl starch was used as the sedimenting agent in the laboratory preparation of the product. |
| Held at room temperature and Refrigerated in ≤ 24hr | RT<=24h refg | Held for up to 24 hours at room temperature prior to refrigeration. |
| Held at room temperature and frozen in ≤24 hours | RT<=24h frozen<=24h | Held for up to 24 hours at room temperature and subsequently placed in freezer within 24 hours from time of collection. |
| Multiple wash cycles | Multiple wash cycles | Multiple wash cycles were performed. |

2.3.2.2.8 Apheresis container— Additional Information Group

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|--|--|---|
| Default | Default: Aphr:No additional info | No additional information related to the apheresis procedure used or the number of containers harvested is given. |
| 1 st container | 1 st container | The first of two or more containers prepared during a single apheresis procedure. |
| 1 st container: not automated | 1 st container: not auto | The first of two containers prepared from a single non-automated apheresis procedure. |
| 2 nd container | 2 nd container | The second of two or more containers prepared during a single apheresis procedure. |

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|--|-------------------------------------|--|
| 2 nd container: not automated | 2 nd container: not auto | The second of two containers prepared from a single non-automated apheresis procedure. |
| 3 rd container | 3 rd container | The third of three or more containers prepared during a single apheresis procedure. |
| 4 th container | 4 th container | The fourth of four or more containers prepared during a single apheresis procedure. |
| 5 th container | 5 th container | The fifth of five or more containers prepared during a single apheresis procedure. |
| 6 th container | 6 th container | The sixth of six or more containers prepared during a single apheresis procedure. |
| 7 th container | 7 th container | The seventh of seven or more containers prepared during a single apheresis procedure. |
| 8 th container | 8 th container | The eighth of eight or more containers prepared during a single apheresis procedure. |
| Apheresis not automated | Aphr not automated | The apheresis procedure used was a manual method. |

2.3.2.2.9 Quarantine — Additional Information Group

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|--|---|--|
| Default | Default: Quar: No additional info | No information related to a quarantine period prior to release is given. |
| Nationally defined | Nationally defined | The product was stored for a period (nationally determined), after which a new sample from the donor was retested. |
| Quarantined: ≥ 62days and retested | Quar: >=62d/retested | The product was stored for not less than 62 days, after which a new sample from the donor was retested. |
| Quarantined: ≥ 90 days and retested | Quar: >=90d/retested | The product was stored for not less than 90 days, after which a new sample from the donor was retested. |
| Quarantined: ≥ 112 days and retested | Quar: >=112d/retested | The product was stored for not less than 112 days, after which a new sample from the donor was retested. |
| Quarantined: ≥ 4 months and retested | Quar: >=4m/retested | The product was stored for not less than 4 months, after which a new sample from the donor was retested. |
| Quarantined: ≥ 6 months and retested | Quar: >=6m/retested | The product was stored for not less than 6 months, after which a new sample from the donor was retested. |

2.3.2.2.10 Dosage — Additional Information Group

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|---|--|--|
| Default | Default: Dosage:No additional info | No information related to dosage is provided. |
| Approximately 120 x 10 ⁹ platelets | Approx 120 E9 plts | The number of platelets. (Actual count or average expected yield from a standardized procedure.) |
| Approximately 150 x 10 ⁹ platelets | Approx 150 E9 plts | The number of platelets. (Actual count or average expected yield from a standardized procedure.) |
| Approximately 180 x 10 ⁹ platelets | Approx 180 E9 plts | The number of platelets. (Actual count or average expected yield from a standardized procedure.) |
| Approximately 240 x 10 ⁹ platelets | Approx 240 E9 plts | The number of platelets. (Actual count or average expected yield from a standardized procedure.) |
| Approximately 300 x 10 ⁹ platelets | Approx 300 E9 plts | The number of platelets. (Actual count or average expected yield from a standardized procedure.) |
| Approximately 360 x 10 ⁹ platelets | Approx 360 E9 plts | The number of platelets. (Actual count or average expected yield from a standardized procedure.) |
| Approximately 420 x 10 ⁹ platelets | Approx 420 E9 plts | The number of platelets. (Actual count or average expected yield from a standardized procedure.) |
| Approximately 480 x 10 ⁹ platelets | Approx 480 E9 plts | The number of platelets. (Actual count or average expected yield from a standardized procedure.) |
| Approximately 540 x 10 ⁹ platelets | Approx 540 E9 plts | The number of platelets. (Actual count or average expected yield from a standardized procedure.) |
| < 3 x 10 ¹¹ platelets | <3 E11 plts | The number of platelets. (Actual count or average expected yield from a standardized procedure.) |
| 3.0 – 4.7 x 10 ¹¹ platelets | 3.0-4.7 E11 plts | The number of platelets. (Actual count or average expected yield from a standardized procedure.) |
| 4.8 – 5.9 x 10 ¹¹ platelets | 4.8-5.9 E11 plts | The number of platelets. (Actual count or average expected yield from a standardized procedure.) |
| > 6.0 x 10 ¹¹ platelets | >6.0 E11 plts | The number of platelets. (Actual count or average expected yield from a standardized procedure.) |
| 2 units | 2 units | Pool prepared from 2 whole blood derived units or their apheresis equivalent.* |
| 3 units | 3 units | Pool prepared from 3 whole blood derived units or their apheresis equivalent.* |
| 4 units | 4 units | Pool prepared from 4 whole blood derived units or their apheresis equivalent.* |
| 5 units | 5 units | Pool prepared from 5 whole blood derived units or their apheresis equivalent.* |

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|----------------|---------------------------|--|
| 6 units | 6 units | Pool prepared from 6 whole blood derived units or their apheresis equivalent.* |
| 7 units | 7 units | Pool prepared from 7 whole blood derived units or their apheresis equivalent.* |
| 8 units | 8 units | Pool prepared from 8 whole blood derived units or their apheresis equivalent.* |
| 9 units | 9 units | Pool prepared from 9 whole blood derived units or their apheresis equivalent.* |
| 10 units | 10 units | Pool prepared from 10 whole blood derived units or their apheresis equivalent.* |
| 11 units | 11 units | Pool prepared from 11 whole blood derived units or their apheresis equivalent.* |
| 12 units | 12 units | Pool prepared from 12 whole blood derived units or their apheresis equivalent.* |
| Pediatric dose | Pediatric dose | A pediatric dose as defined by the issuing facility, which may be based on national guidelines. Platelet count may be indicated on the label in text or in accompanying documentation. |

^{*} Prior to July 2012 this attribute was defined as 'Pool prepared from donations from X donors.' This definition may have been interpreted differently by different facilities to mean number of donor units or the number of donor exposures. The definition was changed to remove ambiguity.

2.3.2.2.11 Pathogen Reduction

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|
| Default | Default: No treatment | No treatment method was used. |
| Heat-treated | Heat-treated | The blood product has been subjected to a validated heat-treatment method known to reduce the risk of disease transmission. |
| Methylene blue- treated | Methylene blue- treated | The blood product has been subjected to a validated methylene blue-treatment method known to reduce the risk of disease transmission. |
| Psoralen- treated | Psoralen-treated | The blood product has been subjected to a validated psoralen-treatment method known to reduce the risk of disease transmission. |
| Riboflavin- treated | Riboflavin- treated | The blood product has been subjected to a validated riboflavin treatment process known to reduce the risk of disease transmission. |
| Solvent detergent- treated | Solvent detergent- treated | The blood product has been subjected to a validated solvent detergent treatment process known to reduce the risk of disease transmission. |
| Sterile filtered | Sterile filtered | The blood product has been subjected to a validated filtration process known to reduce the risk of disease transmission. |

2.3.2.2.12 Hematocrit Group

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|----------------|---------------------------|---|
| Default | Default: Not specified | The packed cell volume is not specified. |
| 40% - 50% | 0.4-0.5 | The packed cell volume of the product is between 40 and 50 percent. |
| 50% - 55% | 0.50-0.55 | The packed cell volume of the product is between 50 and 55 percent. |
| 50% - 60% | 0.5-0.6 | The packed cell volume of the product is between 50 and 60 percent. |
| 50% - 70% | 0.5-0.7 | The packed cell volume of the product is between 50 and 70 percent. |
| 55% - 75% | 0.55-0.75 | The packed cell volume of the product is between 55 and 75 percent. |
| > 70% | >0.7 | The packed cell volume of the product is greater than 70 percent. |
| 70% - 80% | 0.7-0.8 | The packed cell volume of the product is between 70 and 80 percent. |

2.3.2.2.13 Monitoring

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|----------------------|---------------------------|--|
| Default | Default: Not specified | No monitoring is specified. |
| Bacterial monitoring | Bacterial monitoring | A product subjected to on-going bacterial monitoring meeting national specifications for extension of the expiry date. |
| Bacterial test | Bacterial test | Tested with a point-in-time test that meets national specifications for extension of expiry date. |

2.3.2.2.14 Donor Exposure — Additional Information Group

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|--|--|--|
| Default | Default: No information | No information is provided. |
| From Multiple Donors, number not specified | From multiple donors, number not specified | Pool prepared from products from multiple donors. The number of donors is not specified. Specific information may be given as additional label text. |
| From 2 donors | From 2 donors | Pool prepared from products from 2 donors. |
| From 3 donors | From 3 donors | Pool prepared from products from 3 donors. |

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|----------------|---------------------------|---|
| From 4 | From 4 donors | Pool prepared from products from 4 donors. |
| donors | | ' ' |
| From 5 | From 5 donors | Pool prepared from products from 5 donors. |
| donors | | 1 ooi prepared from products from 5 donors. |
| From 10 | From 10 donors | Pool prepared from products from 10 donors. |
| donors | FIUIT TO GOTIOIS | Fooi prepared from products from 10 donors. |

2.3.2.2.15 Infection

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|----------------|---------------------------|--|
| Default | Default: | The product is not CONVALESCENT PLASMA so this |
| | Not applicable | attribute does not apply. |
| Ebola | Ebola | The donor has a history of infection with Ebola virus. |

2.3.2.2.16 Antibody Specificity

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|------------------|---------------------------|---|
| Default | Default: | The product is not Immune Plasma so this attribute does |
| Boladit | Not applicable | not apply. |
| Not specified | Not specified | The specificity of the antibodies is not specified in the coding. |
| Anthrax | Anthrax | Anthrax antibody is present at a concentration suitable for Anthrax hyperimmune globulin manufacture. |
| CMV | CMV | CMV antibody is present at a concentration suitable for CMV hyperimmune globulin manufacture. |
| Hepatitis A | Hepatitis A | Hepatitis A antibody is present at a concentration suitable for Hepatitis A hyperimmune globulin manufacture. |
| Hepatitis B | Hepatitis B | Hepatitis B antibody is present at a concentration suitable for Hepatitis B hyperimmune globulin manufacture. |
| Rabies | Rabies | Rabies antibody is present at a concentration suitable for Rabies hyperimmune globulin manufacture. |
| RHD | RHD | RhD antibody is present at a concentration suitable for RhD hyperimmune globulin manufacture. |
| Tetanus | Tetanus | Tetanus antibody is present at a concentration suitable for Tetanus hyperimmune globulin manufacture. |
| Varicella zoster | Varicella zoster | Zoster antibody is present at a concentration suitable for Zoster hyperimmune globulin manufacture. |

3 Cellular Therapy

Important Note: The terms and definitions represented in this section were developed in 2012-2013. Products labeled prior to the introduction of this terminology and coding system were defined using a different coding system. See Chapter 13 for definitions of these codes. The document *Implementation Guide, Revised Cellular Therapy Terminology (2013)* provides information about the transition from previously used codes and definitions to those currently used.

3.1 Class

Class names are in the format type of cells, comma, source of cells.

3.1.1 Subcategories of Classes

Cellular therapy products are divided into two class name subcategories.

Subcategory 1:

At collection the product code will describe the composition of the cell therapy products. It can be HPC, NC, or MNC. These products can be collected for direct infusion without further manipulation. HPCs may be further manipulated, but would retain the class name HPC if they are used as a source of hematopoietic progenitor cells. If these products undergo modification such as cryopreservation and thawing, the class will not change but the modification is added into the product description as an attribute.

Subcategory 2:

After enumeration or manufacture/processing of the collected products, the product may be identified by the target cell population. These class names are based on desired cell population thought to present in the product.

3.1.2 Bounded Lists and Definitions

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|
| | Subcategory 1 | |
| CONCURRENT PLASMA, APHERESIS | CONCURRENT PLASMA, APHERESIS | Plasma collected from the donor as part of an apheresis cell collection procedure. |
| HPC, APHERESIS | HPC, APHERESIS | A cell product containing hematopoietic progenitor cells obtained by apheresis. |
| HPC, CORD BLOOD | HPC, CORD BLOOD | A cell product containing hematopoietic progenitor cells obtained from cord blood. |
| HPC, MARROW | HPC, MARROW | A cell product containing hematopoietic progenitor cells obtained from bone marrow. |

| Common Name | ISBT 128 | Definition |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|
| Common Name | Database Name | |
| HPC, WHOLE BLOOD | HPC, WHOLE BLOOD | A cell product containing hematopoietic progenitor cells obtained from whole blood. |
| MNC, APHERESIS | MNC, APHERESIS | A cell product containing mononuclear cells obtained by apheresis. |
| MNC, UMBILICAL CORD TISSUE | MNC, UMBILICAL CORD TISSUE | A cell product containing mononuclear cells derived from umbilical cord tissue. |
| NC, ADIPOSE TISSUE | NC, ADIPOSE TISSUE | A cell product containing nucleated cells obtained from adipose tissue. |
| NC, CORD BLOOD | NC, CORD BLOOD | A cell product containing nucleated cells obtained from cord blood. |
| NC, DECIDUA | NC, DECIDUA | A cell product containing nucleated cells obtained from the decidua. |
| NC, MARROW | NC, MARROW | A cell product containing nucleated cells obtained from bone marrow. |
| NC, MENSTRUAL BLOOD | NC, MENSTRUAL BLOOD | A cell product containing nucleated cells obtained from menstrual blood. |
| NC, SYNOVIAL FLUID | NC, SYNOVIAL FLUID | A cell product containing nucleated cells obtained from synovial fluid. |
| NC, UMBILICAL CORD VESSEL | NC, UMBILICAL CORD VESSEL | A cell product containing nucleated cells obtained from umbilical vessels |
| NC, WHOLE BLOOD | NC, WHOLE BLOOD | A cell product containing nucleated cells obtained from whole blood. |
| | Subcategory 2 | |
| CHONDROCYTES, CARTILAGE | CHONDROCYTES, CARTILAGE | A cell product containing chondrocytes obtained from cartilage. |
| DC, APHERESIS | DC, APHERESIS | A cell product containing dendritic cells obtained by apheresis. |
| DC, CORD BLOOD | DC, CORD BLOOD | A cell product containing dendritic cells obtained from cord blood. |
| DC, MARROW | DC, MARROW | A cell product containing dendritic cells obtained from bone marrow. |
| DC, WHOLE BLOOD | DC, WHOLE BLOOD | A cell product containing dendritic cells obtained from whole blood. |
| EPITHELIAL CELLS, ORAL MUCOSA | EPITHELIAL CELLS, ORAL MUCOSA | A cell product containing epithelial cells obtained from the oral mucosa |

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|
| EPITHELIAL CELLS, URINARY BLADDER | EPITHELIAL CELLS, URINARY BLADDER | A cell product containing epithelial cells obtained from the urinary bladder |
| FIBROBLASTS, SKIN | FIBROBLASTS, SKIN | A cell product containing fibroblasts obtained from skin. |
| HEPATOCYTES, LIVER | HEPATOCYTES, LIVER | A cell product containing hepatocytes obtained from the liver. |
| INVESTIGATIONAL PRODUCT | INVESTIGATIONAL PRODUCT | A product for an investigational study that is accompanied by appropriate identifying study information. This class may be used for a specific product that may be part of a blinded comparison study. Products labeled as Investigational Product may include different doses or may include an active product or a placebo. |
| KERATINOCYTES, SKIN | KERATINOCYTES, SKIN | A cell product containing keratinocytes obtained from skin. |
| MALIGNANT CELLS, APHERESIS | MALIGNANT CELLS, APHERESIS | A cell product containing malignant cells obtained by apheresis. |
| MALIGNANT CELLS, MARROW | MALIGNANT CELLS, MARROW | A cell product containing malignant cells obtained from marrow. |
| MALIGNANT CELLS, TUMOR | MALIGNANT CELLS, TUMOR | A cell product containing malignant cells obtained from tumor. |
| MALIGNANT CELLS, WHOLE BLOOD | MALIGNANT CELLS, WHOLE BLOOD | A cell product containing malignant cells obtained from whole blood. |
| MELANOCYTES, SKIN | MELANOCYTES, SKIN | A cell product containing melanocytes obtained from skin |
| MSC, ADIPOSE TISSUE | MSC, ADIPOSE TISSUE | A cell product containing mesenchymal stromal cells derived from adipose tissue |
| MSC, CORD BLOOD | MSC, CORD BLOOD | A cell product containing mesenchymal stromal cells derived from cord blood. |
| MSC, DENTAL PULP | MSC, DENTAL PULP | A cell product containing mesenchymal stromal cells derived from dental pulp. |
| MSC, MARROW | MSC, MARROW | A cell product containing mesenchymal stromal cells derived from bone marrow. |

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| MSC, PLACENTA | MSC, PLACENTA | A cell product containing mesenchymal stromal cells derived from placenta. |
| MSC, UMBILICAL CORD | MSC, UMBILICAL CORD | A cell product containing mesenchymal stromal cells derived from umbilical cord. |
| MSC, WHARTON'S JELLY | MSC, WHARTON'S JELLY | A cell product containing mesenchymal stromal cells derived from Wharton's jelly. |
| NK CELLS, APHERESIS | NK CELLS, APHERESIS | A cell product containing natural killer cells obtained by apheresis. |
| NK CELLS, CORD BLOOD | NK CELLS, CORD BLOOD | A cell product containing natural killer cells obtained from cord blood. |
| NK CELLS, MARROW | NK CELLS, MARROW | A cell product containing natural killer cells obtained from bone marrow. |
| NK CELLS, WHOLE BLOOD | NK CELLS, WHOLE BLOOD | A cell product containing natural killer cells obtained from whole blood. |
| PANCREATIC ISLETS | PANCREATIC ISLETS | Isolated pancreatic islets. |
| PANCREATIC ISLET RINSE SOLUTION | PANCREATIC ISLET RINSE SOLUTION | Solution used to flush lines and containers during Pancreatic Islet processing. May contain Islets/cells. Solution will always accompany a concurrently prepared Pancreatic Islet product. |
| T CELLS, APHERESIS | T CELLS, APHERESIS | A cell product containing T cells obtained by apheresis. |
| T CELLS, CORD BLOOD | T CELLS, CORD BLOOD | A cell product containing T cells obtained from cord blood. |
| T CELLS, MARROW | T CELLS, MARROW | A cell product containing T cells obtained from bone marrow. |
| T CELLS, TUMOR | T CELLS, TUMOR | A cell product containing T cells obtained from a tumor. |
| T CELLS, WHOLE BLOOD | T CELLS, WHOLE BLOOD | A cell product containing T cells obtained from whole blood. |

3.1.3 Abbreviations

Abbreviations are sometimes needed in documents (published papers, SOPs, etc.). The following abbreviations may be used for this purpose. In some countries, regulations may permit the use of abbreviations on partial labels when space does not permit the use of a full name. Users should consult national regulations for further information. If abbreviations are used on the label, the accompanying documentation must include the full name of the product.

No spaces should be present before the parentheses in these abbreviations. This will prevent separation of "HPC" from the parenthetical information when the abbreviation appears at the end of a printed line.

| | Class Name | Abbreviation |
|----|---------------------------------|--------------|
| 1 | CONCURRENT PLASMA, APHERESIS | CP(A) |
| 2 | DC, APHERESIS | DC(A) |
| 3 | DC, CORD BLOOD | DC(CB) |
| 4 | DC, MARROW | DC(M) |
| 5 | DC, WHOLE BLOOD | DC(WB) |
| 6 | HPC, APHERESIS | HPC(A) |
| 7 | HPC, CORD BLOOD | HPC(CB) |
| 8 | HPC, MARROW | HPC(M) |
| 9 | HPC, WHOLE BLOOD | HPC(WB) |
| 10 | INVESTIGATIONAL PRODUCT | INV PROD |
| 11 | MALIGNANT CELLS, APHERESIS | MALIG(A) |
| 12 | MALIGNANT CELLS, MARROW | MALIG(M) |
| 13 | MALIGNANT CELLS, TUMOR | MALIG(TM) |
| 14 | MALIGNANT CELLS, WHOLE BLOOD | MALIG(WB) |
| 15 | MNC, APHERESIS | MNC(A) |
| 16 | MNC, UMBILICAL CORD TISSUE | MNC(UCT) |
| 17 | MSC, ADIPOSE TISSUE | MSC(AT) |
| 18 | MSC, CORD BLOOD | MSC(CB) |
| 19 | MSC, DENTAL PULP | MSC(DP) |
| 20 | MSC, MARROW | MSC(M) |
| 21 | MSC, WHARTON'S JELLY | MSC(WJ) |
| 22 | NC, ADIPOSE TISSUE | NC(AT) |
| 23 | NC, CORD BLOOD | NC(CB) |
| 24 | NC, MARROW | NC(M) |

| | Class Name | Abbreviation |
|----|-----------------------|--------------|
| 25 | NC, MENSTRUAL BLOOD | NC(MB) |
| 26 | NC, WHOLE BLOOD | NC(WB) |
| 27 | NK CELLS, APHERESIS | NK(A) |
| 28 | NK CELLS, CORD BLOOD | NK(CB) |
| 29 | NK CELLS, MARROW | NK(M) |
| 30 | NK CELLS, WHOLE BLOOD | NK(WB) |
| 31 | T CELLS, APHERESIS | T CELLS(A) |
| 32 | T CELLS, CORD BLOOD | T CELLS(CB) |
| 33 | T CELLS, MARROW | T CELLS(M) |
| 34 | T CELLS, TUMOR | T CELLS(TM) |
| 35 | T CELLS, WHOLE BLOOD | T CELLS(WB) |

3.2 Attribute

3.2.1 Core Conditions

Core Conditions is the term used to describe three pieces of information:

The anticoagulant

"None" specifies that no significant amount of anticoagulant is present.

"NS" indicates that the anticoagulant is not specified.

The nominal volume of the original product excluding anticoagulant "XX" specifies that the volume is variable and not provided as part of the core conditions of the product description. Other volume information may be given as additional label text.

The temperature at which the product should be stored. Specific temperatures are not always given in the description since differing

specific temperatures are not always given in the description since differing specific temperature ranges must be adhered to within a given country. For example, refg (refrigerated) is used rather than a specific range, such as 1–4 C. When a specific temperature is given it is expressed in degrees Celsius.

3.2.1.1 Core Conditions—Lists and Definitions

First Position (anticoagulant/additive) – Bounded List

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|----------------|---------------------------|---|
| Citrate and | Citrate + Heparin | Combined use of citrate and heparin at any |
| Heparin | Citiale + Hepailii | concentration in the anticoagulant medium. |
| Citrate | Citrate | Any anticoagulant containing citrate used as the sole |
| Citiate | Citiate | method of anticoagulation. |
| Heparin | Heparin | Heparin used at any concentration as the sole method |
| Перапп | Ποραιιι | of anticoagulation. |
| None | None | No anticoagulant. |
| NS | NS | Anticoagulant not specified in coding. |

Second Position (volume) – This list is not bounded, other volumes may be define

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|----------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------|
| XX | XX | Volume not specified in coding. |

Third Position (storage temperature) – This list is not bounded, other temperature ranges may be defined

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|---------------------|---------------------------|--|
| ≤ 37 C | <=37C | Less than or equal to 37 degrees Celsius. |
| Refrigerated | refg | Refrigerated (between 1 – 10 degrees Celsius; narrower range may be nationally specified). |
| Room Temperature | rt | Ambient room temperature (range may be nationally specified). |
| 10-20C | 10-20C | Between 10 and 20 degrees Celsius. |
| ≤ -18 C | <=-18C | Less than or equal to -18 degrees Celsius. |
| ≤ -80 C | <=-80C | Less than or equal to -80 degrees Celsius. |
| ≤ -120 C | <=-120C | Less than or equal to -120 degrees Celsius. |
| ≤ -150 C | <=-150C | Less than or equal to -150 degrees Celsius. |
| Liquid Nitrogen | N2 liquid | Completely immersed in the liquid phase of nitrogen. |

3.2.2 Groups and Variables

Any additional manipulation or change to the product from its "core" state is reflected by the addition of one or more attributes from the groups and variables detailed below. Such additional manipulations or changes are indicated by a different Product Description Code.

3.2.2.1 Groups: Bounded Lists and Definitions

| Group Name | Description |
|---|--|
| Intended Use | Describes the expected use of the product. |
| Manipulation | Describes processing applied to a product other than to enrich or reduce a cell population. |
| Preparation — Cryoprotectant | Active cryoprotectant in the product. |
| Preparation – Blood Component from Third Party Donor | Describes blood products from other donors used during processing, such as albumin, Fresh Frozen Plasma, AB serum, Red Blood Cells. |
| Preparation – Other Additives | Describes additives present in the product. |
| Genetically Modified | Cells which have been modified by the insertion of exogenous genetic material. |
| Irradiation | Indicates whether or not the product has been irradiated. |
| Modification | Processing that changes the cellular milieu and maintains the integrity of the target cell population. |
| Mobilization Indicates whether or not an agent was administered to the donor/patient to increase the yield of target cells collected. | |
| Pooled Single Donor | Indicates whether or not the product is a combination of multiple collections of the same product type from the same donor or aliquots of the same collection. |
| Cultured | Indicates whether or not cells have been maintained ex vivo to activate, expand, or promote development of a specified cell population in the presence of specified additives. |
| Enrichment | Provides information on processing to enrich cell population. When applied to a product collected by apheresis, this attribute is used when an additional enrichment step is performed in the laboratory after the apheresis collection has been completed and often prior to additional processing or manufacturing. |
| Reduction | Provides information on processing to reduce cell population or plasma. When applied to a product collected by apheresis, this attribute is used when an additional reduction step is performed in the laboratory after the apheresis collection has been completed and often prior to additional processing or manufacturing. |

3.2.2.2 Variables: Bounded Lists and Definitions Tables

3.2.2.2.1 Intended Use Group

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|--|--|---|
| Default | For administration | For patient use: The product is intended for administration to patients. |
| For further processing | For further processing | For further processing into a product that may be administered; not intended for direct administration. |
| For use in further processing donor's cell product | For further processing:donor cell prod | Intended for use in further processing of cellular products from the same donor. |
| Not for administration | Not for admin | Not for patient use; a product that is not intended for use in patient treatment. |

3.2.2.2.2 Manipulation Group

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|----------------|---------------------------|--|
| Default | Not specified | No information about processing is specified in this Attribute group. |
| Electroporated | Electroporated | The use of an electric field to increase the permeability of the cell plasma membrane to introduce some substances (such as mRNA, drugs, etc.). |
| Filtered | Filtered | Product after passage through a non-leukocyte reducing filter. [Note: The bone marrow harvest procedure includes a series of filters to obtain the collected product. This is not considered a separate manipulation step. The attribute "Filtered" should not be used. Select the attribute "Filtered" if an independent filtration is performed (e.g., filtered in the laboratory using a 170 - 260 micron filter)]. |
| Lysed | Lysed | The use of a process to disrupt the cell membranes (such as freezing cells without cryoprotectant, etc.). |
| Pulsed | Pulsed | The loading of antigens (such as peptides, tumor antigens, etc.) on dendritic cells to increase the specificity of the immunotherapy. |
| PUV treated | PUV treated | Cells treated with psoralen/ultra violet light. |

3.2.2.2.3 Cryoprotectant Group

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|----------------------|---------------------------|---|
| Default | No cryoprotectant | No cryoprotectant has been added. |
| 5% DMSO | 5% DMSO | The concentration of the final product contains 5% dimethylsulfoxide by volume as the cryoprotective agent. |
| 7.5% DMSO | 7.5% DMSO | The concentration of the final product contains 7.5% dimethylsulfoxide by volume as the cryoprotective agent. |
| 10% DMSO | 10% DMSO | The concentration of the final product contains 10% dimethylsulfoxide by volume as the cryoprotective agent. |
| 6% HES + 5% DMSO | 6% HES + 5% DMSO | The concentration of the final product contains 5% dimethylsulfoxide by volume and 6% hydroxyethyl starch as the cryoprotective agents. |
| DMSO not specified | NS DMSO | The dimethylsulfoxide concentration of the final product is not specified in the coding. Additional information concerning the approximate amount of dimethylsulfoxide present may appear as text on the affixed, attached, or accompanying labeling. |
| NS HES + NS DMSO | NS HES + NS DMSO | The final product contains unspecified concentrations of hydroxyethyl starch and dimethylsulfoxide. The concentrations of these additives may be specified in text on the affixed, attached, or accompanying label. |
| NS HES + 5% DMSO | NS HES + 5% DMSO | The final product contains an unspecified concentration of hydroxyethyl starch and 5% dimethylsulfoxide by volume. The concentration of hydroxyethyl starch may be specified in text on the affixed, attached, or accompanying label. |
| NS HES + 10% DMSO | NS HES + 10% DMSO | The final product contains an unspecified concentration of hydroxyethyl starch and 10% dimethylsulfoxide by volume. The concentration of hydroxyethyl starch may be specified in text on the affixed, attached, or accompanying label. |

3.2.2.2.4 Blood Component from Third Party Donor Group*

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------|--|
| Default | 3rd Party Comp:No | Default. No third party blood component added. |
| 3rd party component present | 3rd Party Comp:Yes | Third party blood component added. See accompanying documentation. |

| 3.2.2.2.5 | Preparation: | Other Additives Group* |
|-----------|--------------|------------------------|
| | | |

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|--|---|--|
| Default | Other Additives:No | Default. No additives other than as part of the anticoagulant solution at the time of collection. |
| Concurrent Plasma | Concurrent Plasma | Concurrently collected plasma has been added after collection to reduce cell concentration for transit, storage, processing, or cryopreservation. **(See Note below) |
| Concurrent plasma + other | Concurrent plasma + other | Concurrently collected plasma has been added after collection to reduce cell concentration for transit, storage, processing, or cryopreservation. Other additives are also present (see accompanying documentation). |
| Other additives present | Other Additives:Yes | Other additives. See accompanying documentation. |
| Other Additives including animal source | Other Additives:Yes incl animal src | Other additives present including animal source material. See accompanying documentation. |

^{**} The definition for the class CONCURRENT PLASMA, APHERESIS specifies that this product only applies to apheresis collections. Therefore, even though "Concurrent plasma" is an attribute, the definition of CONCURRENT PLASMA, APHERESIS still applies. For example, Marrow collections, although the plasma in the bone marrow harvest was collected at the same time; it is not considered "Concurrent plasma".

3.2.2.2.6 Genetically Modified Group*

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|----------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| Default | Genetically Modified:No | Default. Not genetically modified. |
| Genetically modified | Genetically Modified:Yes | Genetically modified by the insertion of exogenous genetic material. See accompanying documentation. |

^{*} Note: The default values of the groups Blood Component from Third Party Donor, Other Additives, and Genetically Modified have changed from those originally published. When initially published, "Not Specified" was the default value. The default value has been changed to that shown above to reflect the most common condition (that which would be expected unless otherwise noted).

3.2.2.2.7 Irradiation Group

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|-----------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Default | Irradiation:No | Product was not irradiated. |
| Irradiation:Yes | Irradiation:Yes | Product was irradiated. |

3.2.2.2.8 Modification Group

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|------------------|---------------------------|--|
| Default | Not specified | Modifications are not specified in the coding. |
| Cryopreserved | Cryopreserved | Applies to cells in the frozen state after the addition of cryoprotectant(s). |
| Thawed | Thawed | Applies to cryopreserved cells that have been thawed without washing prior to final issue for administration. |
| Thawed Washed | Thawed Washed | Applies to cryopreserved cells that have been thawed and subsequently washed to remove cryoprotectant or other solution(s). |
| Washed | Washed | Applies to cells from a non-cryopreserved product that have been washed to reduce the amount of plasma, anticoagulant, and/or other solution(s). |

3.2.2.2.9 Mobilization Group

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|----------------|---------------------------|--|
| Default | Not specified | Mobilization is not specified in the coding. |
| Mobilized | Mobilized | Applies to cells that have been obtained from a donor treated with an agent to increase the concentration of the target cell population(s) |

3.2.2.2.10 Pooled Single Donor Group

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|---|
| Default | Not specified | Information about product pooling is not specified in the coding. |
| Pooled Single Donor: Yes | Pooled Single Donor: Yes | Product is a combination of multiple collections of the same product type from the same donor or aliquots from the same collection. |

3.2.2.2.11 Cultured Group

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|----------------|---------------------------|--|
| Default | Cultured:No | Product was not cultured. |
| Cultured:Yes | Cultured:Yes | Cells that have been maintained ex vivo to activate, expand, or promote development of a specified cell population in the presence of specified additive(s). |

3.2.2.2.12 Manipulation, Enrichment Group

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| Default | Not specified | No information about cell enrichment is specified in the coding. |
| Buffy coat enriched | Buffy coat enriched | Cells remaining after reduction of mature erythrocytes and plasma. |
| CD14 enriched | CD14 enriched | Product in which the CD14 cells have been enriched. |
| CD133 enriched | CD133 enriched | Product in which the CD133 cells have been enriched. |
| CD34 enriched | CD34 enriched | Product in which the CD34 cells have been enriched. |
| CD4 enriched | CD4 enriched | Product in which the CD4 cells have been enriched. |
| CD56 enriched | CD56 enriched | Product in which the CD56 cells have been enriched. |
| CTL enriched | CTL enriched | Product in which the cytotoxic T lymphocytes have been enriched. |
| Monocyte enriched | Monocyte enriched | Product in which the monocytes have been enriched. |
| Mononuclear cell enriched | Mononuclear cell enriched | Product in which the mononuclear cells have been enriched. |
| T Reg enriched | T Reg enriched | Product in which the T regulatory lymphocytes have been enriched. |
| TIL enriched | TIL enriched | A product in which autologous tumor infiltrating lymphocytes (TIL) have been enriched from the patient's tumor and cultured. |
| Viral specific T Cell Enriched | Viral specific T cell enriched | A product in which viral specific T cells have been enriched. |

3.2.2.2.13 Manipulation, Reduction Group

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|---------------------|-----------------------------|---|
| Default | Not specified | No information about cell or plasma reduction is specified in the coding. |
| αβ T cell reduced | Alpha Beta T cell reduced | The cells remaining after the Alpha Beta T cells have been reduced. |
| αβ T/B cell reduced | Alpha Beta T+B cell reduced | The cells remaining after the Alpha Beta T cells and B cells have been reduced. |
| B cell reduced | B cell reduced | The cells remaining after B cells have been reduced. |
| CD45RA reduced | CD45RA reduced | The cells remaining after CD45RA cells have been reduced. |
| CD8 reduced | CD8 reduced | The cells remaining after CD8 cells have been reduced. |
| Plasma reduced | Plasma reduced | The cells remaining after a portion of the plasma has been depleted by sedimentation or centrifugation. |
| RBC reduced | RBC reduced | The cells remaining after reduction of mature erythrocytes. |
| T cell reduced | T cell reduced | The cells remaining after T cells have been reduced. |
| T/B cell reduced | T+B cell reduced | The cells remaining after T cells and B cells have been reduced. |
| Tumor cells reduced | Tumor cells reduced | Cells remaining after tumor cells have been reduced. |

4 Tissues

4.1 Class

4.1.1 Cardio/Vascular Bounded List and Definitions

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | DEFINITION |
|--|--|---|
| | AC | PRTIC CONDUIT |
| AORTA, ARCH | AORTA, ARCH | Part of the aorta including the origin of the brachiocephalic trunk, the common carotid artery, and the left subclavian artery. |
| AORTA, ARCH, WITH DESCENDING THORACIC | AORTA, ARCH, W DESCENDING THORACIC | Part of the aorta including the origin of the brachiocephalic trunk and the thoracic aorta extending to the diaphragm. |
| AORTA, ASCENDING | AORTA, ASCENDING | Part of the aorta between the sinotubular junction and the brachiocephalic trunk. |
| AORTA, ASCENDING, WITH ARCH | AORTA, ASCENDING, W ARCH | Part of the aorta from the sinotubular junction and including the origin of the left subclavian artery |
| AORTA, DESCENDING, ABDOMINAL | AORTA, DESCENDING, ABDOMINAL | Part of the aorta between the diaphragm and the aortic bifurcation. |
| AORTA, DESCENDING, THORACIC | AORTA, DESCENDING, THORACIC | Part of the aorta between the left subclavian artery and the diaphragm. |
| AORTOILIAC, CONDUIT | AORTOILIAC, CONDUIT | Part of the aorta descending abdominal and common iliac arteries. |
| | A | ORTIC VALVE |
| VALVE, AORTIC | VALVE, AORTIC | The valve between the aorta and the left ventricle. |
| VALVE, AORTIC, WITH ASCENDING AORTA | VALVE, AORTIC, W ASC AORTA | The valve between the left ventricle and the aorta extending to the brachiocephalic trunk. |
| VALVE, AORTIC, WITH ASCENDING AORTA AND ARCH | VALVE, AORTIC, W ASC AORTA, ARCH | The valve between the left ventricle and the aorta extending beyond the left subclavian artery. |
| VALVE, AORTIC, WITH ASCENDING AORTA AND PARTIAL ARCH | VALVE, AORTIC, ASC AORTA PART ARCH | The valve between the left ventricle and the aorta extending to include part of the aortic arch with one or two head vessels. |

| | ISBT 128 | | | |
|----------------|---|---|--|--|
| Common Name | Database Name | DEFINITION | | |
| | | ARTERIES | | |
| ARTERY, | ARTERY, | All or part of the brachial artery. | | |
| BRACHIAL | BRACHIAL | All of part of the brachial aftery. | | |
| ARTERY, | ARTERY, | All or part of the common iliac artery. | | |
| COMMON ILIAC | COMMON ILIAC | All of part of the confinion flac aftery. | | |
| ARTERY, | ARTERY, | | | |
| FEMORAL, | FEMORAL, | All or part of the femoral artery. | | |
| COMMON | COMMON | | | |
| ARTERY, | ARTERY, | | | |
| FEMORAL, | FEMORAL, | All or part of the superficial femoral artery. | | |
| SUPERFICIAL | SUPERFICIAL | | | |
| ARTERY, | ARTERY, | All or part of the internal thoracic artery. | | |
| INTERNAL | INTERNAL | Also referred to as the internal mammary artery. | | |
| THORACIC | THORACIC | 7 diso referred to as the internal manimary artery. | | |
| ARTERY, | ARTERY, | All or part of the radial artery. | | |
| RADIAL | RADIAL | 7 th of part of the radial artery. | | |
| ARTERY, | ARTERY, ULNAR | All or part of the ulnar artery. | | |
| ULNAR | 7 II CI EI CI , OLIVII C | · | | |
| | | HEART | | |
| HEART | | Recovered whole heart with associated vascular | | |
| (TISSUE) | HEART (TISSUE) | tissue for processing into MPHO for human | | |
| , | | application. Not suitable for organ transplantation. | | |
| HEART, | HEART, | | | |
| PARTIAL, WITH | PARTIAL, WITH | Portion of the heart with valves. | | |
| VALVES | VALVES | | | |
| HEART, | HEART, | | | |
| PARTIAL, | PARTIAL, | Portion of the heart without valves. | | |
| WITHOUT | WITHOUT | | | |
| VALVES | VALVES | | | |
| HEART, WITH | HEART, WITH | Heart with pericardium. | | |
| PERICARDIUM | PERICARDIUM | · | | |
| VALVE, MITRAL | VALVE, MITRAL | ITRAL VALVE The valve between the left ventricle and left atrium. | | |
| VALVE, MITRAL, | VALVE, MITRAL, | An entire or partial mitral leaflet with or without | | |
| , | - | <u> </u> | | |
| PATCH | PATCH PATCH respective papillary muscle and chordae tendineae. PULMONARY CONDUIT | | | |
| PULMONARY | FULIV | CONDOTT | | |
| ARTERY, | PULMONARY | Patch prepared from the right or left pulmonary | | |
| BRANCH | ARTERY, | artery. | | |
| PATCH | BRANCH PATCH | artory. | | |
| PULMONARY, | PULMONARY, | | | |
| MAIN AND LEFT | MAIN AND LEFT | Main pulmonary artery and left pulmonary artery. | | |
| ARTERIES | ARTERIES | wan pannonary artery and fort pannonary artery. | | |
| PULMONARY, | PULMONARY, | | | |
| MAIN AND | MAIN AND | | | |
| RIGHT | RIGHT | Main pulmonary artery and right pulmonary artery. | | |
| ARTERIES | ARTERIES | | | |
| , | , | <u>I</u> | | |

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | DEFINITION |
|---|---|--|
| PULMONARY, MAIN ARTERY | PULMONARY, MAIN ARTERY | Main pulmonary artery extending to the bifurcation. |
| PULMONARY, MAIN ARTERY PATCH | PULMONARY, MAIN ARTERY PATCH | Patch prepared from the main pulmonary artery. |
| PULMONARY, MAIN ARTERY WITH LEFT AND RIGHT ARTERIES | PULMONARY, MAIN ARTERY, L/R ARTERIES | Main pulmonary artery, left pulmonary artery and right pulmonary artery. |
| | PUL | MONARY VALVE |
| VALVE, PULMONARY | VALVE, PULMONARY | The valve between the right ventricle and the main pulmonary artery. |
| VALVE, PULMONARY, MONOCUSP | VALVE, PULMONARY, MONOCUSP | One third of the pulmonary valve between the right ventricle and the main pulmonary artery containing one leaflet. |
| VALVE, PULMONARY, ONE LEAFLET | VALVE, PULMONARY, ONE LEAFLET | The valve between the right ventricle and the main pulmonary artery containing only one usable leaflet. |
| VALVE, PULMONARY, TWO LEAFLETS | VALVE, PULMONARY, TWO LEAFLETS | The valve between the right ventricle and the main pulmonary artery containing only two usable leaflets. |
| VALVE, PULMONARY, WITH MAIN ARTERY | VALVE, PULMONARY, W MAIN ARTERY | The valve between the right ventricle and the main pulmonary artery extending to the bifurcation. |
| VALVE, PULMONARY, WITH MAIN, LEFT AND RIGHT ARTERIES | VALVE, PULMONARY,W MAIN,L/R ARTERIES | The valve between the right ventricle and the main pulmonary artery extending to include both the left and right pulmonary arteries. |
| VALVE, PULMONARY, WITH MAIN, LEFT ARTERY | VALVE, PULMONARY, W MAIN, L ARTERY | The valve between the right ventricle and the main pulmonary artery extending to include the left pulmonary artery. |
| VALVE, PULMONARY, WITH MAIN, RIGHT ARTERY | VALVE, PULMONARY, W MAIN, R ARTERY | The valve between the right ventricle and the main pulmonary artery extending to include the right pulmonary artery. |
| | | VEINS |
| VEIN, FEMORAL VEIN, GREAT | VEIN, FEMORAL VEIN, GREAT | All or part of the femoral vein. All or part of the great saphenous vein. |
| VEIN, INFERIOR | SAPHENOUS VEIN, INFERIOR | All or part of the inferior vena cava. |
| VENA CAVA VEIN, SMALL SAPHENOUS | VENA CAVA VEIN, SMALL SAPHENOUS | All or part of the small saphenous vein. |

4.1.2 Soft Tissue Bounded List and Definitions

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|--|---|---|
| FASCIA LATA | FASCIA LATA | The recovered portion of the fascia lata. |
| HAMSTRING | HAMSTRING | The prominent tendons at the back of the knee. |
| LIGAMENT, ANTERIOR CRUCIATE, WITH BONE BLOCKS | LIGAMENT, ANTERIOR CRUCIATE BONE BLK | An anterior cruciate ligament, attached to a bone block from femur and a bone block from tibia. |
| LIGAMENT, MEDIAL COLLATERAL, WITH BONE BLOCKS | LIGAMENT, MEDIAL COLLATERAL BONE BLK | A medial collateral ligament, attached to a bone block from the tibia and a bone block from the femur. |
| LIGAMENT, POSTERIOR CRUCIATE, WITH BONE BLOCKS | LIGAMENT, POSTERIOR CRUCIATE BNE BLK | A posterior cruciate ligament, attached to a bone block from femur and a bone block from tibia. |
| MENISCI | MENISCI | Both the lateral and medial meniscus dissected together from the knee joint. |
| MENISCUS, LATERAL | MENISCUS, LATERAL | A lateral meniscus dissected from the knee joint. |
| MENISCUS, LATERAL, WITH TIBIA PLATEAU | MENISCUS, LATERAL, W TIBIA PLATEAU | A lateral meniscus, attached to plateau from the tibia. |
| MENISCUS, MEDIAL | MENISCUS, MEDIAL | A medial meniscus dissected from the knee joint. |
| MENISCUS, MEDIAL, WITH TIBIA PLATEAU | MENISCUS, MEDIAL, W TIBIA PLATEAU | A medial meniscus, attached to plateau from the tibia. |
| TENDON | TENDON | A tendon, source not specified, that has been transected from the bone. |
| TENDON, ACHILLES WITH BONE BLOCK | TENDON, ACHILLES WITH BONE BLOCK | Achilles tendon with bone block. |
| TENDON, ACHILLES, BISECTED, WITH SHAPED BONE BLOCK | TENDON, ACHILLES, BI, SHAPED BNE BLK | Achilles tendon, cut in half, with bone block shaped to specifications. Also referred to as Achilles Tendon – Hemi, Shaped. |

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|--|---|--|
| TENDON, ACHILLES, WITH SHAPED BONE BLOCK | TENDON, ACHILLES, W SHAPED BONE BLK | Achilles tendon with bone block shaped to specifications. |
| TENDON, BICEPS FEMORIS, WITH BONE BLOCK | TENDON, BICEPS FEMORIS, W BONE BLK | Tendon of the biceps femoris with bone block. |
| TENDON, EXTENSOR DIGITORUM LONGUS | TENDON, EXTENSOR DIGITORUM LONGUS | Tendon of extensor digitorum longus muscle transected from the bone. |
| TENDON, EXTENSOR HALLUCIS LONGUS | TENDON, EXTENSOR HALLUCIS LONGUS | Tendon of extensor hallucis longus muscle transected from the bone. |
| TENDON, FLEXOR DIGITORUM LONGUS | TENDON, FLEXOR DIGITORUM LONGUS | Tendon of flexor digitorum longus muscle transected from the bone. |
| TENDON, FLEXOR HALLUCIS LONGUS | TENDON, FLEXOR HALLUCIS LONGUS | Tendon of flexor hallucis longus muscle transected from the bone. |
| TENDON, GRACILIS | TENDON, GRACILIS | Tendon of gracilis muscle transected from the bone. |
| TENDON, ILIOTIBIALIS | TENDON, ILIOTIBIALIS | An iliotibial tract (tendon of tensor fascia lata and gluteus maximus) muscle transected from the bone. |
| TENDON, PATELLAR WITH BONE BLOCKS | TENDON, PATELLAR W BONE BLK | A patellar tendon (sometimes called patellar ligament) with two bone blocks. |
| TENDON, PATELLAR WITH BONE BLOCKS AND QUAD | TENDON, PATELLAR W BONE BLK AND QUAD | A patellar tendon (sometimes called patellar ligament) with two bone blocks and the quadriceps tendon attached. |
| TENDON, PATELLAR WITH PROXIMAL TIBIA | TENDON, PATELLAR WITH PROXIMAL TIBIA | A patellar tendon (sometimes called patellar ligament) with proximal portion of the tibia and patellar bone block attached. May also be called Tibia, Proximal with Patellar Tendon. |

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|---|---|--|
| TENDON, PATELLAR WITH SHAPED BONE BLOCKS | TENDON, PATELLAR W SHAPED BONE BLK | A patellar tendon (sometimes called patellar ligament) with two bone blocks shaped to specifications. |
| TENDON, PATELLAR WITH WHOLE PATELLA AND TIBIA BONE BLOCK | TENDON,PATEL- LAR W PATELLA, TIBIA BLK | A patellar tendon (sometimes called patellar ligament) with a whole patella and tibia bone block attached. |
| TENDON, PATELLAR WITH WHOLE TIBIA AND PATELLAR BONE BLOCK | TENDON,PATEL LAR W TIBIA, PATELLA BLK | A patellar tendon (sometimes called patellar ligament) with whole tibia and patellar bone block attached. May also be called Tibia, Whole with Patellar Tendon. |
| TENDON, PATELLAR, BISECTED WITH BONE BLOCKS | TENDON, PATELLAR, BISECTED BONE BLK | A patellar tendon (sometimes called patellar ligament) cut in half, with two bone blocks. Also referred to as Patellar Tendon – Hemi. |
| TENDON, PATELLAR, BISECTED WITH SHAPED BONE BLOCKS | TENDON, PATELLAR, BISECT, SHAPED BLK | A patellar tendon (sometimes called patellar ligament) cut in half, with two bone blocks shaped to specifications. Also referred to as Patellar Tendon – Hemi, Shaped. |
| TENDON, PERONEUS BREVIS | TENDON, PERONEUS BREVIS | Tendon of peroneus brevis muscle transected from the bone. |
| TENDON, PERONEUS LONGUS | TENDON, PERONEUS LONGUS | Tendon of peroneus longus muscle transected from the bone. |
| TENDON, PERONEUS LONGUS WITH BONE BLOCK | TENDON, PERONEUS LONGUS W BONE BLK | Tendon of peroneus longus muscle with bone block. |
| TENDON, PLANTARIS | TENDON, PLANTARIS | Tendon of plantaris muscle transected from the bone. |
| TENDON, QUADRICEP | TENDON, QUADRICEP | Tendon of the quadriceps femoris muscle transected from the bone. |
| TENDON, QUADRICEPS , WITH BONE BLOCK | TENDON, QUADRICEPS, W BONE BLK | Tendon of the quadriceps femoris muscle with bone block. |

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|---|---|--|
| TENDON, QUADRICEPS , WITH SHAPED BONE BLOCK | TENDON, QUAD, W SHAPED BONE BLK | Tendon of the quadriceps femoris muscle with bone block shaped to specifications. |
| TENDON, ROTATOR CUFF | TENDON, ROTATOR CUFF | Tendons of the rotator cuff transected from the bone. |
| TENDON, SEMITENDI- NOSUS | TENDON, SEMITENDINO- SUS | Tendon of the semitendinosus muscle transected from the bone. (This may sometimes be referred to informally as hamstring.) |
| TENDON, SEMITEND- INOSUS/ GRACILIS | TENDON, SEMITENDINO- SUS/ GRACILIS | Tendons of semitendinosus and gracilis muscles transected from the bone and packaged together. |
| TENDON, TIBIALIS ANTERIOR, WITH BONE BLOCK | TENDON, TIBIALIS ANTERIOR W BONE BLK | Tendon of tibialis anterior muscle with bone block. |
| TENDON, TIBIALIS POSTERIOR, WITH BONE BLOCK | TENDON, TIBIALIS POSTERIOR W BNE BLK | Tendon of tibialis posterior muscle with bone block. |
| TENDON, TIBIALIS, ANTERIOR | TENDON, TIBIALIS, ANTERIOR | Tendon of tibialis anterior muscle transected from the bone. |
| TENDON, TIBIALIS, POSTERIOR | TENDON, TIBIALIS, POSTERIOR | Tendon of tibialis posterior muscle transected from the bone. |

4.1.3 Bone Bounded List and Definitions

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|-------------------|---------------------------|---|
| ANKLE | ANKLE | The hinge joint between the distal ends of the tibia and fibula in the lower limb and the proximal end of the talus bone in the foot; talocrural joint. |
| BONE | BONE | Bone, not further specified. Porous rigid tissue making up the skeleton. |
| BONE, BLOCK | BONE, BLOCK | Bone cut into a rectangular cuboid; may be called a peg. |
| BONE, CHIPS | BONE, CHIPS | Bone cut into pieces of varying undefined shape. |
| BONE, CLAVICLE | BONE, CLAVICLE | Whole or part of a clavicle. |
| BONE, CRUSHED | BONE, CRUSHED | Bone fragments prepared by a crushing or pounding action. |

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|------------------|---------------------------|---|
| BONE, CUBES | BONE, CUBES | Bone cut into a cube. |
| BONE, DOWEL | BONE, DOWEL | Cylindrical piece of bone. |
| BONE, FEMUR | BONE, FEMUR | Whole or part of a femur. |
| BONE, FIBULA | BONE, FIBULA | Whole or part of the fibula. |
| BONE, | BONE, | |
| GROUND | GROUND | Bone fragments prepared by a grinding action. |
| BONE, HUMERUS | BONE, HUMERUS | Whole or part of a humerus. |
| BONE, | BONE, | |
| HUMERUS | HUMERUS | |
| WITH | WITH | Whole or part of the humerus with rotator cuff. |
| ROTATOR | ROTATOR | |
| CUFF | CUFF | |
| BONE, ILIUM | BONE, ILIUM | Whole or part of an ilium. |
| BONE, | BONE, | Whole or part of a mandible. |
| MANDIBLE | MANDIBLE | Titloio of part of a manaiolo. |
| BONE, | BONE, | Whole or part of one metacarpal bone. |
| METACARPUS | METACARPUS | · · |
| BONE, PASTE | BONE, PASTE | Bone powder with an agent or agents to create a smooth viscous mixture capable of slowly flowing and settling under gravity. |
| BONE, | BONE, | Whole or port of the notelle |
| PATELLA | PATELLA | Whole or part of the patella. |
| BONE, PELVIS | BONE, PELVIS | Whole or part of a pelvis. |
| BONE, | BONE, | Whole or part of a phalanx. |
| PHALANX | PHALANX | Whole of part of a phalanx. |
| BONE, | BONE, | Bone powder. |
| POWDER | POWDER | · |
| BONE, PUTTY | BONE, PUTTY | Bone reduced to a powder or other form and with the addition of an agent or agents to create a thick mixture or cement with a dough-like consistency. |
| BONE, RADIUS | BONE, RADIUS | Whole or part of a radius. |
| BONE, RIB | BONE, RIB | Whole or part of a rib. |
| BONE, RING | BONE, RING | Transverse portion of a bone shaft. |
| BONE, | BONE, | Whole or part of a scapula. |
| SCAPULA | SCAPULA | viriole of part of a scapula. |
| BONE, | BONE, | A shaped bone not otherwise described in ISBT 128 |
| SHAPED, | SHAPED, | • |
| OTHER | OTHER | terminology. |
| BONE, SHEET | BONE, SHEET | Bone cut into a thin sheet. |
| BONE, SKULL | BONE, SKULL | Whole or part of the skull. |
| BONE, SLICE | BONE, SLICE | Transverse portion of a bone part such as an epiphysis or head. |
| BONE, | BONE, | Whole or part of a starnum |
| STERNUM | STERNUM | Whole or part of a sternum. |
| BONE, STRIP | BONE, STRIP | Bone cut into a strip. |
| BONE, STRUT | BONE, STRUT | Longitudinal portion of a bone shaft. |

| Common | ISBT 128 | Definition |
|-------------|---------------|---|
| Name | Database Name | Definition |
| BONE, | BONE, | Whole or part of a temporal bone; may include inner ear |
| TEMPORAL | TEMPORAL | bones. |
| BONE, TIBIA | BONE, TIBIA | Whole or part of a tibia. |
| BONE, ULNA | BONE, ULNA | Whole or part of an ulna. |
| BONE, | BONE, | Whole or part of a vertebra. |
| VERTEBRA | VERTEBRA | viriole of part of a vertebra. |
| BONE, WEDGE | BONE, WEDGE | Bone cut into a wedge shape. |
| CARTILAGE, | CARTILAGE, | Articular cartilage obtained from the knee joint. |
| JOINT, KNEE | JOINT, KNEE | , |
| COSTAL | COSTAL | Tough elastic tissue extensions from the ribs towards the |
| CARTILAGE | CARTILAGE | front of the chest. |
| COSTAL | COSTAL | Costal cartilage transected from sterno-costal joint of |
| CARTILAGE | CARTILAGE | sternum — length in cm indicated on packaging. |
| PIECES | PIECES | · |
| ELBOW | ELBOW | Joint incorporating distal humerus and the proximal ulna |
| | | and proximal radius with associated tissues. |
| KNEE JOINT | KNEE JOINT | The distal femur still attached to the proximal tibia of the leg removed by transecting the femur above the joint |
| KINLL JOHN | KINLL JOHN | and the tibia below the joint. |
| | | Assorted pieces of cortical and cancellous bone and |
| KNEE | KNEE | cartilage removed from the distal femur and proximal |
| TRIMMINGS | TRIMMINGS | tibia during knee replacement surgery. |
| OSTEOCHON- | OSTEOCHON- | Tissue comprising bone and cartilage from an |
| DRAL | DRAL | articulating joint. |
| | | The distal femur still attached to the proximal tibia (the |
| WHOLE KNEE | WHOLE KNEE | femur transected above the joint, the tibia transected |
| JOINT | JOINT | below the joint), inclusive of the patella tendon, |
| | | meniscus with intact synovial fluid compartment. |

4.1.4 Skin Bounded List and Definitions

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| DERMIS | DERMIS | Skin from which the epidermis and subcutaneous tissue have been removed leaving only the dermal layer. |
| SKIN, FULL | SKIN, FULL | Full thickness skin (epidermis and whole dermis). |
| SKIN, FULL WITH HYPODERMIS | SKIN, FULL WITH HYPODERMIS | Full thickness skin with subcutaneous tissue (epidermis, dermis, and hypodermis). |
| SKIN, SPLIT | SKIN, SPLIT | Split thickness skin (epidermis and upper part of dermis). |

4.1.5 Other Bounded Lists and Definitions

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|--|---|--|
| ADIPOSE TISSUE | ADIPOSE TISSUE | Recovered adipose tissue. |
| AMNIOTIC MEMBRANE | AMNIOTIC MEMBRANE | Amniotic membrane not specified as to size. |
| AMNIOTIC MEMBRANE, LARGE | AMNIOTIC MEMBRANE, LARGE | Amniotic membrane graft, cut in pieces larger than 3cm x 3cm – surface area indicated on packaging. |
| AMNIOTIC MEMBRANE SHEET | AMNIOTIC MEMBRANE SHEET | Amniotic membrane graft, cut into pieces larger than 12cm x 20cm. |
| AMNIOTIC MEMBRANE, SMALL | AMNIOTIC MEMBRANE, SMALL | Amniotic membrane graft, cut in squares of 3 x 3cm or less – surface area indicated on packaging. |
| FETAL MEMBRANES | FETAL MEMBRANES | Amnion and chorion laeves. |
| LARYNX WITH TRACHEA | LARYNX WITH TRACHEA | Larynx with full trachea. |
| LARYNX AND TRACHEA WITH BIFURCATION | LARYNX AND TRACHEA WITH BIFURCATION | Larynx with full trachea with birfurcation including at least one ring from right and left bronchus. |
| LIVER (TISSUE) | LIVER (TISSUE) | Recovered portion of the liver for processing into MPHO for human application. Not suitable for organ transplantation. |
| PANCREAS (TISSUE) | PANCREAS (TISSUE) | Recovered whole or part pancreas for processing into MPHO for human application. Not suitable for organ transplantation. |
| PARATHYROID GLANDS | PARATHYROID GLANDS | Parathyroid gland(s). |
| PERICARDIAL PATCH | PERICARDIAL PATCH | Pericardium, cut into a piece – surface area indicated on the packaging. |
| PERICARDIUM | PERICARDIUM | Conical membranous sac that normally surrounds the heart. |
| PERIPHERAL NERVE | NERVE, PERIPHERAL | Peripheral nerve tissue including epineurium, perineurium, and endoneurial tubes. |
| PLACENTA | PLACENTA | Chorion frondosum (villi) & decidua basalis covered by a portion of the amnion. |
| PLACENTA WITH UMBILICAL CORD | PLACENTA WITH CORD | Placenta together with umbilical cord. |
| PLACENTA WITH UMBILICAL CORD AND FETAL MEMBRANES | PLACENTA, CORD AND MEMBRANES | Placenta together with umbilical cord and fetal membranes. |

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| TRACHEA | TRACHEA | Full trachea. |
| TRACHEA WITH BIFURCATION | TRACHEA WITH BIFURCATION | Full trachea with bifurcation including at least one ring from right and left main bronchus. |
| TRACHEA, PART | TRACHEA, PART | At least one ring from the trachea. |
| TRACHEA, PART WITH BIFURCATION | TRACHEA, PART WITH BIFURCATION | At least one ring from the trachea and at least one ring from right and left main bronchus. |
| UMBILICAL CORD TISSUE | UMBILICAL CORD TISSUE | Recovered umbilical cord tissue. |

4.2 Modifiers

In February 2015 Tissue Product Descriptions were restructured to discontinue use of Modifiers. As a result, the terms such as Frozen, Cryopreserved, Freeze Dried, and Refrigerated, which were previously Modifiers, have become variables within the Type of Preservation Attribute group. See section 14.3.2 for the full list of retired Modifiers.

Existing product descriptions and the formulas of these Product Description Codes were restructured to change Modifiers into Attributes. Only the descriptions and formulas changed, not the actual Product Description Codes. For example:

T0187 was previously coded as: T0187 = **Cryopreserved** PATELLA BONE BLOCK|Single and had the formula **C0162-M0022-V0065002**

It has been updated as: T0187 = PATELLA BONE BLOCK|Cryopreserved|Single and has the formula C0162-M0000-V0061003-V0065002

As always, ICCBBA staff will assist users requesting new codes to select the appropriate terms

Concerns should be addressed to the ICCBBA office at tech.manager@iccbba.org.

4.3 Attribute

4.3.1 Core Conditions

Core Conditions are not used in the definition of Tissues

4.3.2 Groups and Variables

Any additional manipulation or change to the product is reflected by the addition of one or more attributes from the groups and variables detailed below. Such additional manipulations or changes are indicated by a different Product Description Code.

4.3.2.1 Groups – bounded list and definition

| Group Name | Description |
|-------------------|---|
| Additives | Describes additives present in the product. |
| Additional | Describes additional tissue |
| Processing | processing. |
| Donor-Intended | Describes the relationship between |
| Recipient | the donor and the intended recipient. |
| Relationship | |
| Meshed | Describes the degree to which the surface area of the skin has been |
| iviesned | increased by creating a net or web. |
| | Describes the solution in which the |
| Storage Solution | tissue is stored. |
| Type of | Describes the technique used to |
| Preservation | preserve the tissue. |
| Processed to | Indicates whether or not the product |
| Reduce Cellular | has been decellularized. |
| Components | |
| Anatomical | Describes the relative position of the |
| Position | tissue in the donor's body prior to |
| | tissue procurement. |
| Processing Status | Indicates if a product is being held for |
| - | further processing. |
| Unit of Issue | Describes the packaging of the product. |
| Pathogen | Describes the method of sterilization |
| Reduction | or decontamination of the product. |
| Nominal Granule | Describes the size range of the |
| Size | product. |
| | Indicates if a product was |
| Demineralization | demineralized |
| Associated | Describes all the non-human origin |
| Structures | items distributed with the tissue that |
| | form a component of the product. |
| Bone Type | Describes the type of bone. |

| Group Name | Description |
|----------------|--------------------------------------|
| Bone Source | Describes the bone from which the |
| | graft was prepared. |
| Bone Part | Describes the part of the bone. |
| Bone Portion | Describes the portion of the bone or |
| DOILE FOILIOIT | of the bone part. |
| Cartilage | Indicates the presence or absence of |
| Presence | cartilage with the bone. |
| Vertebral Type | Describes the source location of the |
| Vertebral Type | vertebra. |

4.3.2.2 Variables – bounded lists and definitions

4.3.2.2.1 Additives

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|--|---|---|
| Default | Default: Not specified | Additives are not specified in the coding. |
| Additives present | Additives:Yes | Additives are present. Additional information may be included in accompanying documentation. |
| Additives present including animal source | Additives:yes incl animal src | Additives present including animal source material. See accompanying documentation. |
| Albumin | Albumin | Human albumin is present. |
| Albumin and other additives present | Albumin + other | Human albumin is present. Other additives are also present. Additional information may be included in accompanying documentation. |
| Autologous Plasma | Autologous plasma | Plasma from the intended recipient is present. |
| Autologous plasma and additives present | Autologous plasma + other | Plasma from the intended recipient is present. Other additives are also present. Additional information may be included in accompanying documentation. |
| Third party donor plasma | 3 rd party donor plasma | Plasma from a donor other than the tissue donor or the intended recipient is present. |
| Third party donor plasma and additives present | 3 rd party donor plasma + other | Plasma from a donor other than the tissue donor or the intended recipient is present. Other additives are also present. Additional information may be included in accompanying documentation. |

4.3.2.2.2 Additional Processing

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|----------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Default | Default: Not specified | Additional processing not specified. |

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|--------------------|------------------------------|--|
| Marrow depleted | Marrow depleted | Processed to deplete marrow. |
| Cleaned | Cleaned | Processed to remove extraneous tissue. |

4.3.2.2.3 Donor-Intended Recipient Relationship

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|----------------|------------------------------|---|
| Default | Default: Not specified | No information about relationship between donor and intended recipient is provided. |
| Allogeneic | Allogeneic | Donor and intended recipient are different individuals. |
| Autologous | Autologous | Donor and intended recipient are the same individual. |

4.3.2.2.4 Meshed (This group only applies to skin terminology)

^{*} Note: Some suppliers may present the ratio in the reverse order (final:original) – e.g. 3:1 instead of 1:3

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|----------------|------------------------------|---|
| Default | Default: Not specified | Either this attribute group does not apply (tissue class is not skin) or no information about whether the skin has been meshed is provided. |
| Meshed 1:1 | Meshed 1:1 | The skin has been through a mesher to facilitate stretching. |
| Meshed 1:1.5 | Meshed 1:1.5 | Surface area of the skin is increased by creating a net or web to an expansion ratio of 1:1.5. |
| Meshed 1:2 | Meshed 1:2 | Surface area of the skin is increased by creating a net or web to an expansion ratio of 1:2. |
| Meshed 1:3 | Meshed 1:3 | Surface area of the skin is increased by creating a net or web to an expansion ratio of 1:3. |
| Not meshed | Not meshed | The skin has not been meshed. |

4.3.2.2.5 Storage Solution

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|----------------------------------|------------------------------|---|
| Default | Default: Not specified | No information is provided about storage solution. |
| Antibiotic solution | Antibiotics | Stored in a solution containing antibiotics as a decontamination step. May include antifungal agents. Further details may be available in accompanying documentation. |
| DMSO | DMSO | Stored in a solution containing dimethylsulfoxide as a cryoprotectant. Dimethylsulfoxide is usually in the range 5-10%. A more specific concentration may be stated in text on the label or in the accompanying documentation. |
| Low concentration glycerol | Glycerol (low conc) | Stored in a solution containing low concentration glycerol as a cryoprotectant. Glycerol is usually in the range of 5-10%. A more specific concentration may be stated in text on the label or in the accompanying documentation. |
| Saline | Saline | Stored in Saline. |
| Vitrification solution | Vitrification | Stored in a solution used in vitrification. Details may be provided in accompanying documentation. |

4.3.2.2.6 Type of Preservation

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|----------------|------------------------------|--|
| Default | Default: Not specified | No coded information is provided about the type of preservation. Details about the type of preservation may appear as text on the tissue container label or in accompanying documentation. |
| Cryopreserved | Cryopreserved | Preserved by freezing in the presence of a cryoprotectant and using a method validated to maintain cellular viability and/or preserve tissue matrix structure. The cryoprotectant may be specified using the storage solutions attribute group or may appear in text on the label. |
| Dehydrated | Dehydrated | Preserved in a dehydrated state, specific methodology not specified in the coding. Additional information may be included in accompanying documentation. |
| Freeze dried | Freeze dried | (Lyophilized) Preserved in a dried state achieved by freezing followed by sublimation of water under vacuum to very low residual moisture contents. |

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|-----------------------------|------------------------------|--|
| Frozen | Frozen | Preserved by freezing, but without additives specifically to protect cells/matrix and/or without the controlled freezing conditions required for cryopreservation. |
| High concentration glycerol | Glycerol (high conc) | Immersed in sterile glycerol with a concentration of at least 85%. |
| Refrigerated | Refrigerated | Preserved by refrigeration. The tissue may be immersed in a storage solution. The storage solution may be specified using the storage solutions attribute group or may appear in text on the label. This value should not be used where the type of preservation is Glycerol (high concentration). |
| Solvent dehydrated | Solvent dehydrated | Preserved in a dehydrated state achieved through a multistate treatment with an organic solvent. Water is removed by the solvent resulting in very low residual moisture content. |

4.3.2.2.7 Processed to Reduce Cellular Components

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------|--|
| Default | Default: Not specified | No information is provided regarding a process intended to reduce cellular components. |
| Cell reduction process | Cell reduction process:Yes | Product has undergone a processing step intended to reduce cellular components. Details may be provided in accompanying documentation. |
| No cell reduction process | Cell reduction process:No | Product has not undergone a processing step intended to reduce cellular components. |

4.3.2.2.8 Anatomical Position (see note below)

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|----------------|--|--|
| Default | Default: Not applicable or not specified | Either the anatomical position is not applicable or not specified. |
| Anterior | Anterior | Anterior. |
| Left | Left | Product derived from donated tissue from the left side of the donor's midsagittal plane. |
| Left anterior | Left anterior | Left anterior. |
| Left lateral | Left lateral | Left lateral. |
| Left medial | Left medial | Left medial. |

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|-----------------|------------------------------|---|
| Left posterior | Left posterior | Left posterior. |
| Posterior | Posterior | Posterior. |
| Right | Right | Product derived from donated tissue from the right side of the donor's midsagittal plane. |
| Right anterior | Right anterior | Right anterior. |
| Right lateral | Right lateral | Right lateral. |
| Right medial | Right medial | Right medial. |
| Right posterior | Right posterior | Right posterior. |

Note: As of February 2015 Tissue products were restructured to manage anatomical terms as attributes. Classes with anatomical descriptors were retired and replacement classes were added.

While in general right and left are best handled as attributes, a notable exception exists. Left and right will be attributes when this is the sole difference between the two products. If this is not the case, for example the heart left and right atrium, then left and right will remain a part of the class.

4.3.2.2.9 Processing Status

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|------------------------|---------------------------|--|
| Default | Default: Not defined | No information is provided as to the status of the product. |
| For further processing | For further processing | Product produced as an intermediate stage. Not suitable for clinical use without further processing. |

4.3.2.2.10 Unit of Issue

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|----------------|---------------------------|--|
| Default | Default: Not defined | No information is provided as to the packaging of the product. |
| Pack | Pack | Issued as a pack of multiple items – number of items not encoded, but may be specified on packaging. |
| Pack of 2 | Pack2 | Issued as a pack containing 2 items. |
| Pack of 4 | Pack4 | Issued as a pack containing 4 items. |
| Single | Single | Issued as a single item. |

4.3.2.2.11 Pathogen Reduction

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|---|--------------------------------|--|
| Default | Default: Not specified | No information about pathogen reduction is provided. |
| Antibiotics | Antibiotics | Treated with antibiotics as a decontamination step. |
| Combined process | Combined process | Multiple methods of sterilization or decontamination used. Further details available in accompanying documentation. |
| ЕТО | ETO | Sterilized by exposure to ethylene oxide gas in accordance with a validated sterilization process. |
| No pathogen reduction | No pathogen reduction | No pathogen reduction steps have been performed. |
| Pathogen reduced but method not specified | Pathogen reduced: method NS | Tissue subjected to pathogen reduction process, method not specified. Details about pathogen reduction method may appear in text on the label. |
| Peracetic acid | Peracetic acid | Exposure to peracetic acid in accordance with a validated sterilization process. |
| Radiation sterilization | Radiation sterilization | Exposed to ionizing radiation in accordance with a validated sterilization process. |

4.3.2.2.12 Nominal Granule Size

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| Default | Default: Not defined | No information as to granule size is provided. |
| Coarse > 4 mm ≤ 6 mm | Coarse >4<=6 mm | Granule size is greater than 4 mm and less than or equal to 6 mm. |
| Fine ≤ 2 mm | Fine <=2 mm | Granule size is less than or equal to 2 mm. |
| Fine Powder > 0.1 mm < 1.2 mm | Fine Powder >0.1<1.2 mm | Granule size is between 0.1 mm and 1.2 mm. More information may be specified on packaging. |
| Medium > 2 mm ≤ 4 mm | Medium >2<=4 mm | Granule size is greater than 2 mm and less than or equal to 4 mm. |
| Medium Powder ≥ 1.2 mm ≤2.0 mm | Medium Powder >=1.2<=2.0 mm | Granule size is between 1.2 mm and 2 mm. More information may be specified on packaging. |
| Mixed ≤ 4 mm | Mixed <=4 mm | Granule size is mixed up to 4 mm. |
| Mixed ≤ 6 mm | Mixed <=6 mm | Granule size is mixed up to 6 mm. |

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|------------------|---------------------------|---|
| Mixed ≤ 8 mm | Mixed <=8 mm | Granule size is mixed up to 8 mm. |
| Mixed ≤ 12 mm | Mixed <=12 mm | Granule size is mixed up to 12 mm. |
| Ultrafine ≤ 1 mm | Ultrafine <=1 mm | Granule size is less than or equal to 1 mm. |

4.3.2.2.13 Demineralization

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| Default | Default: No or not applicable | Either this product is not demineralized or this attribute group does not apply. |
| Demineralized:Yes Demineralized:Yes | | Graft is demineralized. |

4.3.2.2.14 Associated Structures

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|------------------------|------------------------------|---|
| Default | Default: Not specified | No associated structures are specified. |
| Applicator | Applicator | An applicator is included. |
| Carrier and Applicator | Carrier and applicator | A carrier medium and applicator are included. |
| Suture | Suture | Pre-sutured graft. |

4.3.2.2.15 Bone Type

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|------------------------|------------------------------|---|
| Default | Default: Not applicable | This attribute group does not apply or a bone type is not specified. |
| Bicortical | Bicortical | Bone graft containing 2 surfaces covered by cortical bone. |
| Cancellous | Cancellous | Bone graft derived from cancellous bone. |
| Cortical | Cortical | Bone graft derived from cortical bone. |
| Cortico- cancellous | Cortico- cancellous | Bone graft derived from both cancellous and cortical bone. Relative amounts of each may be stated in text on the label. |

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|----------------|------------------------------|--|
| Tricortical | Tricortical | Bone graft containing 3 surfaces covered by cortical bone. |
| Unicortical | Unicortical | Bone graft containing 1 surface covered by cortical bone. |

4.3.2.2.16 Bone Source

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|----------------|--|---|
| Default | Default: Not applicable or not specified | Either this attribute group does not apply or the bone source is not specified. |
| Femoral | Femoral | Bone derived from the femur. |
| Fibular | Fibular | Bone derived from the fibula. |
| Humeral | Humeral | Bone derived from the humerus. |
| Iliac | Iliac | Bone derived from ilium. |
| Patellar | Patellar | Bone derived from patella. |
| Radial | Radial | Bone derived from the radius. |
| Tibial | Tibial | Bone derived from the tibia. |
| Ulnar | Ulnar | Bone derived from the ulna. |
| Vertebral | Vertebral | Bone derived from the vertebra. |

4.3.2.2.17 Bone Part

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|----------------|--|--|
| Default | Default: Whole or not applicable | Either all of a bone or this attribute group does not apply. |
| Body | Body | Body of the bone. |
| Condyle | Condyle | Condyle. |
| Crest | Crest | Crest of the bone. |

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|---|--|--|
| Epiphysis, distal | Epiphysis, distal | Distal epiphysis. |
| Epiphysis, distal, with shaft | Epiphysis, distal, with shaft | Distal epiphysis with the whole or part of the shaft. |
| Epiphysis, proximal | Epiphysis, proximal | Proximal epiphysis. |
| Epiphysis, proximal, without head | Epiphysis, proximal, without head | Proximal epiphysis without the head. |
| Epiphysis, proximal, with shaft | Epiphysis, proximal, with shaft | Proximal epiphysis with the whole or part of the shaft. |
| Epiphysis, proximal with shaft, without head | Epiphysis, proximal, with shaft, without head | Proximal epiphysis with shaft and without the head. |
| Glenoid | Glenoid | Glenoid of the bone. |
| Head | Head | Head of the bone. |
| Plateau | Plateau | Plateau of the bone. |
| Shaft | Shaft | All or part of the shaft of the long bone without the epiphyses. |
| Trochanter major | Trochanter major | Trochanter major. |
| Trochanter minor | Trochanter minor | Trochanter minor. |
| Whole, without head | Whole, without head | Whole, without the head. |

4.3.2.2.18 Bone Portion

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|----------------|--|---|
| Default | Default: Whole or not applicable | Either the portion of the bone is whole or this attribute group does not apply. |
| Partial | Partial | Partial. |
| Half | Half | Half. |
| Quarter | Quarter | Quarter. |
| Third | Third | Third. |

4.3.2.2.19 Cartilage Presence

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|-------------------|-------------------------------------|---|
| Default | Default: No or not applicable | Either cartilage is not present on the bone or this attribute group does not apply. |
| Cartilage present | Cartilage: Yes | Cartilage is present. |

4.3.2.2.20 Veterbral Type

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|----------------|--|--|
| Default | Default: Not applicable or not specified | Either this attribute group does not apply or the vertebral type is not specified. |
| Cervical | Cervical | Cervical vertebrae. |
| Lumbar | Lumbar | Lumbar vertebrae. |
| Sacral | Sacral | Sacral vertebrae. |
| Thoracic | Thoracic | Thoracic vertebrae. |

5 Ocular

5.1 Class

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|-------------------|------------------------------|---|
| CONJUNCTIVA | CONJUNCTIVA | Transparent mucous membrane passing over the inner surface of the eyelids and reflected over the front part of the sclera. |
| CORNEA | CORNEA | Transparent anterior part of the outer fibrous coat of the eye bounded by an outer stratified epithelium and an inner monolayer of endothelial cells. The major refractive component of the eye. |
| IRIS | IRIS | The diaphragm of pigmented tissue between the cornea and the lens that controls the amount of light entering the eye by adjusting the diameter of the pupil, its central orifice. |
| LENS | LENS | Transparent, biconvex body located between the iris and the vitreous body and connected to the ciliary body by suspensory ligament. Contraction of ciliary muscles changes lens shape and thus refractive power of the eye (accommodation). |
| LIMBAL TISSUE | LIMBAL TISSUE | Tissue bridging the junction between the cornea and sclera. |
| OPTIC NERVE | OPTIC NERVE | Retinal ganglion cell axons converge towards the optic disc and pass through the sclera and out of the eye at the lamina cribrosa to form the optic nerve with a diameter of 3-4 mm. Passes out of the orbit through the optic canal. |
| POSTERIOR PART | POSTERIOR PART | Whole eye with the corneoscleral disc removed. |
| RETINA | RETINA | Neural light-sensitive layer lining the inner surface of the eye from the optic disc to the ora serrata and whose external surface is in contact with the choroid. |
| SCLERA | SCLERA | Fibrous white outer part of the eye remaining after excision of the corneoscleral disc and removal of intraocular content and extraneous surface tissue. |
| WHOLE EYE | WHOLE EYE | Whole eye, including intraocular contents unless otherwise specified. May include some conjunctiva. |

5.2 Attribute Groups

| Group Name | Description |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Corneal Graft | Specifies the type of corneal graft. |
| Anatomical Position | Describes the relative position of the tissue in the donor's body prior to tissue procurement. |
| Storage State | Specifies the storage state of the tissue in the eye bank. Delivery conditions may vary. |
| Storage Solution | Specifies the solution in which the tissue is stored in the eye bank. |
| Endothelial Cell Density | An indicator of whether the endothelial cell density is included in the labeling. |
| Pathogen Reduction | Describes the method of sterilization, disinfection, or decontamination of the product. |
| Transport Solution | Specifies the solution in which the tissue is transported from the eye bank. |
| Portion | Describes the portion of the ocular tissue. |
| Whole Eye Type | Specifies types of Whole Eye. |
| Lamellar Layer Preparation | Describes the method used to prepare the corneal lamellar layer(s). |

5.2.1 Attribute Variables

5.2.1.1 Corneal Graft

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|-------------------------------|--|---|
| Default | Default: Not applicable or not specified | Either this attribute group does not apply (tissue class is not Cornea) or the corneal graft type is not specified. |
| Anterior and posterior layers | Anterior and posterior layers | A prepared cornea where both the anterior and posterior layers are present. |
| Anterior layer | Anterior layer | Corneal stroma without endothelium. May include epithelium. |
| Bowman Layer | Bowman Layer | An amorphous, collagenous layer beneath the epithelial basal lamina merging into the anterior stroma. |

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|--------------------|---------------------------|--|
| Corneal button | Corneal button | Cornea with scleral rim removed. |
| Corneal ring | Corneal ring | A corneal button with a central hole. |
| Corneoscleral disc | Corneoscleral disc | Cornea excised with scleral rim which may include some conjunctiva. |
| Laser shaped | Laser shaped | Full-thickness cornea shaped to a specific edge profile using laser technology. |
| Posterior layer | Posterior layer | Endothelium on Descemet's membrane with or without a supporting layer of posterior stroma. |
| Split cornea | Split cornea | Split thickness, lamellar layers unspecified. |

5.2.1.2 Anatomical Position

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|----------------|---------------------------|---|
| Default | Default: Not specified | No information is provided as to the relative position of the tissue in the donor's body prior to tissue procurement. |
| Left | Left | Product originated from donated tissues from the left side of the donor's midsagittal plane. |
| Right | Right | Product originated from donated tissues from the right side of the donor's midsagittal plane. |

5.2.1.3 Storage State

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|-----------------|--|--|
| Default | Default: No information provided | No coded information about storage state is provided. Details may appear in text on the tissue container label or in accompanying documentation. |
| Ambient storage | Ambient storage | Stored in a solution at ambient temperature. |

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|---------------------|---------------------------|--|
| Cryopreserved | Cryopreserved | Preserved by freezing or vitrification in the presence of a cryoprotectant and using a method validated to maintain cellular viability and/or preserve tissue matrix structure. The information about the cryoprotectant may be specified using the storage solutions attribute group or on the tissue container label or in accompanying documentation. |
| Freeze dried | Freeze dried | (Lyophilized) Preservation in the dried state achieved by freezing followed by sublimation of water under vacuum to very low residual moisture content. |
| Frozen | Frozen | Stored in the frozen state, but without additives specifically to protect cells/matrix and/or without the controlled freezing conditions required for cryopreservation. |
| Hypothermic storage | Hypothermic storage | Stored in a solution at 2 to 8°C. |
| Moist chamber | Moist chamber | Whole eye stored at 2 to 8°C in a humid environment. |
| Organ culture | Organ culture | Stored in a nutrient medium at 28 to 37°C. |

5.2.1.4 Storage Solution

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------|--|
| Default | Default: Not specified | No coded information about the storage solution is provided. Details about the storage solution may appear as text on the tissue container label or in accompanying documentation. |
| Albumin | Albumin | Human-source albumin. |
| Antimicrobial | Antimicrobial | Solution containing antibiotics and may contain |
| solution | solution | antimycotics. |
| Cryoprotectant medium | Cryoprotectant medium | Medium containing a cryoprotectant compound. |
| Ethanol | Ethanol | ≥70% ethanol. |
| High Concentration Glycerol | Glycerol (high conc) | Sterile glycerol with a concentration of at least 85%. |
| No storage solution | No storage solution | No storage solution. |
| Nutrient medium | Nutrient medium | Tissue culture medium. |

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|---------------------|---------------------------|---|
| Recombinant albumin | Recombinant albumin | Albumin manufactured through a recombinant process. |
| Saline | Saline | Isotonic saline or balanced salt solution that may include antibiotics. |

5.2.1.5 Endothelial Cell Density

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|----------------------|--|---|
| Default | Default: No information provided | No information about the endothelial cell density is provided. |
| Information provided | Information provided | Information about endothelial cell density is included in the labeling. |

5.2.1.6 Pathogen Reduction

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|---|-----------------------------------|--|
| Default | Default: No information | No information about pathogen reduction is provided. |
| No pathogen reduction | No pathogen reduction | No pathogen reduction steps have been performed. |
| Pathogen Reduction: Method Not Specified | Pathogen reduced: method NS | Tissue subjected to pathogen reduction process, method not specified. Details about pathogen reduction method may appear in text on the label. |
| Radiation sterilization | Radiation sterilization | Exposed to ionizing radiation in accordance with a validated sterilization process. |

5.2.1.7 Transport Solution

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|----------------|---------------------------|--|
| Default | Default: Not specified | No transport solution is specified in the coding. |
| Dextran | Dextran | Dextran. Concentration may be specified in the accompanying documentation. |

5.2.1.8 Portion

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|----------------|---------------------------|--|
| Default | Default: Not specified | Information not specified in the coding. May be specified in accompanying documentation. |
| Eighth | Eighth | Eighth. |
| Half | Half | Half. |
| Part, NS | Part, NS | Part but portion not specified. |
| Quarter | Quarter | Quarter. |
| Third | Third | Third. |
| Whole | Whole | Whole. |

5.2.1.9 Whole Eye Type

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|------------------|--|--|
| Default | Default: not applicable or not specified | Either this attribute group does not apply (tissue class is not Whole Eye) or the type of whole eye is not specified. |
| Contents removed | Contents removed | Whole eye with intraocular contents removed and an opening at the previous site of insertion of the optic nerve, or elsewhere, used for the removal of the intraocular contents. |

5.2.1.10 Lamellar Layer Preparation

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|----------------|--|--|
| Default | Default: not applicable or not specified | The method of preparation of lamellar layer(s) is not specified or this Attribute group does not apply. The Attribute group would not apply either because the tissue is not cornea or because the cornea is a full-thickness cornea that has not been divided into lamellar layers. |
| Laser | Laser | A laser was used to prepare the lamellar layer(s). |

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|----------------------|---------------------------|--|
| Manual dissection | Manual dissection | Manual dissection was used to prepare the lamellar layer(s). |
| Microkeratome | Microkeratome | A microkeratome was used to prepare the lamellar layer(s). |

6 Plasma Derivatives

Plasma derivatives are defined as "A product that contains concentrated fractions of plasma proteins that have been separated using physico-chemical or other fractionation processes. It is made from pooling plasma from large numbers of donors and is traced based on the lot or batch number of the pooled product."

It is recommended that those products for which ABO blood group is not relevant (e.g., Rh Immune Globulin or Gamma Globulin) be labeled with GS1 bar codes. Conversely, plasma derivatives for which the ABO blood group is relevant should be labeled with ISBT 128. See Bar Coding Plasma Derivatives, Implementation Guide, Issue #1.0 (http://www.gs1.org/sites/default/files/docs/barcodes/BD_Implementation_Guide_v1_0_24_aug_2010.pdf) for further information.

6.1 Class

6.1.1 Bounded Lists and Definitions

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|--|--|---|
| SOLVENT DETERGENT POOLED PLASMA | SOLVENT DETERGENT POOLED PLASMA | Plasma that has been prepared by combining multiple units from single donors; pathogen-inactivating using a solvent detergent (SD) process with subsequent removal of the SD reagents; aliquotting into individual dose containers; and freezing by a process and to a temperature that will maintain the activity of labile protein fractions. |

6.2 Modifier

6.2.1 Bounded Lists and Definitions

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|----------------|---------------------------|---|
| Thawed | Thawed | A product that is currently in the liquid state but has been previously frozen. |

6.3 Attribute

Note: Both Plasma Derivatives and In Vivo Diagnostic MPHO (Medical Products of Human Origin) are in the Other Blood Products category. They therefore share attribute groups and variables; not all variables are applicable for Plasma Derivatives. Attribute Groups and Variables that are not applicable are shaded in gray.

6.3.1 Core Conditions

Please see Section 2.3.1 for an explanation of Core Conditions.

6.3.1.1 Core Conditions lists and definitions

First Position (anticoagulant/additive) - bounded list

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|----------------|---------------------------|---|
| Not specified | NS | Not specified. |
| ACD-A | ACD-A | Acid Citrate Dextrose, Formula A. |
| ACD-A-HES | ACD-A-HES | Acid Citrate Dextrose, Formula A – Hydroxyethyl starch. |
| Heparin-HES | Heparin-HES | Heparin – Hydroxyethyl starch. |

^{*}Note: ACD-A, ACD-A-HES, Heparin-HES are not valid anticoagulant/additives for Plasma Derivatives.

Second Position (volume) - This list is not bounded, other volumes may be defined

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|----------------|---------------------------|----------------|
| Not specified | NS | Not specified. |

Third Position (storage temperature) – This list is not bounded, other temperature ranges may be defined.

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|------------------|---------------------------|---|
| ≤ -18 C | <=-18C | Less than or equal to -18 degrees Celsius. |
| Refrigerated | refg | Refrigerated (between 1 to 10 degrees Celsius; narrower range may be nationally specified). |
| Room temperature | rt | Ambient room temperature (a specific range may be nationally-specified). |

6.3.2 Groups and Variables

Additional information about a product is supplied as attributes. Such attributes are indicated by a different Product Description Code.

6.3.2.1 Groups: Bounded list and definitions

| Group Name | Description |
|---|--|
| Blood Group | Specifies ABO Blood Group and/or RhD type. |
| Altered | Describes the physical or chemical means for changing the composition or structure of the product. |
| Donor- Intended Recipient Relationship | Describes the relationship between the donor and the intended recipient. |

^{*}Note: Altered and Donor-Intended Recipient Relationship are not applicable Attribute Groups for Plasma Derivatives.

6.3.2.2 Variables – bounded lists and definitions

6.3.2.2.1 Blood Group

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|--------------------|---------------------------|---|
| Default | Default: Not specified | The blood group is not specified. |
| 0 | 0 | The product is prepared from Group O donations. |
| Α | А | The product is prepared from Group A donations. |
| В | В | The product is prepared from Group B donations. |
| AB | AB | The product is prepared from Group AB donations. |
| ABO independent | ABO independent | A product prepared from a pool of plasma of different ABO groups in which the anti-A and anti-B antibodies have been neutralized. |

6.3.2.2.2 Altered

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|----------------|---------------------------|---|
| Default | Default: Not specified | Information about the physical or chemical means for changing the composition or structure of the product is not specified. |
| Heat-Denatured | Heat denatured | The product has been heat-denatured for an unspecified amount of time. |

^{*}Note: Altered is not an applicable Attribute Group for Plasma Derivatives, table included for completeness.

6.3.2.2.3 Donor-Intended Recipient Relationship

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|-------------|---------------------------|---|
| Default | Default: Not specified | No information about relationship between donor and intended recipient is provided. |
| Autologous | Autologous | Donor and intended recipient are the same individual. |

^{*}Note: Donor-Intended Recipient Relationship is not an applicable Attribute Group for Plasma Derivatives, table included for completeness.

7 In Vivo Diagnostic MPHO

7.1 Class

7.1.1 Bounded Lists and Definitions

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|--------------|---------------------------|---|
| RADIOLABELED | RADIOLABELED | A radiolabeled product for diagnostic purposes in |
| DIAGNOSTICS, | DIAGNOSTICS, | which the major cellular component is leukocytes. |
| LEUKOCYTES | LEUKOCYTES | |
| RADIOLABELED | RADIOLABELED | A radiolabeled product for diagnostic purposes in |
| DIAGNOSTICS, | DIAGNOSTICS, | which the major cellular component is platelets. |
| PLATELETS | PLATELETS | |
| RADIOLABELED | RADIOLABELED | A radiolabeled product for diagnostic purposes in |
| DIAGNOSTICS, | DIAGNOSTICS, | which most of the plasma has been removed from |
| RED BLOOD | RBC | blood. |
| CELLS | | |

7.2 Modifier

7.2.1 Bounded Lists and Definitions

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|----------------|---------------------------|---|
| Thawed | Thawed | A product that is currently in the liquid state but has been previously frozen. |

^{*}Note: Thawed is not an applicable Modifier for In Vivo Diagnostic MPHO.

7.3 Attribute

Note: Both Plasma Derivatives and In Vivo Diagnostic MPHO (Medical Products of Human Origin) are in the Other Blood Products category. They therefore share attribute groups and variables; not all variables are applicable for Plasma Derivatives. Attribute Groups and Variables that are not applicable are shaded in gray.

7.3.1 Core Conditions

Please see Section 2.3.1 for an explanation of Core Conditions.

7.3.1.1 Core Conditions lists and definitions

First Position (anticoagulant/additive) - bounded list

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|----------------|---------------------------|---|
| Not specified | NS | Not specified. |
| ACD-A | ACD-A | Acid Citrate Dextrose, Formula A. |
| ACD-A-HES | ACD-A-HES | Acid Citrate Dextrose, Formula A – Hydroxyethyl starch. |
| Heparin-HES | Heparin-HES | Heparin – Hydroxyethyl starch. |

Second Position (volume) - This list is not bounded, other volumes may be defined

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|----------------|---------------------------|---------------|
| Not specified | NS | Not specified |

Third Position (storage temperature) – This list is not bounded, other temperature ranges may be defined

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|------------------|---------------------------|---|
| ≤ -18 C | <=-18C | Less than or equal to -18 degrees Celsius. |
| Refrigerated | refg | Refrigerated (between 1 to 10 degrees Celsius; narrower range may be nationally specified). |
| Room temperature | rt | Ambient room temperature (a specific range may be nationally-specified). |

7.3.2 Groups and Variables

Additional information about a product is supplied as attributes. Such attributes are indicated by a different Product Description Code.

7.3.2.1 Groups: Bounded list and definitions

| Group Name | Description |
|---|--|
| Blood Group | Specifies ABO Blood Group and/or RhD type. |
| Altered | Describes the physical or chemical means for changing the composition or structure of the product. |
| Donor- Intended Recipient Relationship | Describes the relationship between the donor and the intended recipient. |

7.3.2.2 Variables – Bounded lists and definitions

7.3.2.2.1 Blood Group

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|-----------------|---------------------------|---|
| Default | Default: Not specified | The blood group is not specified. |
| 0 | 0 | The product is prepared from Group O donations. |
| А | А | The product is prepared from Group A donations. |
| В | В | The product is prepared from Group B donations. |
| AB | AB | The product is prepared from Group AB donations. |
| ABO independent | ABO independent | A product prepared from a pool of plasma of different ABO groups in which the anti-A and anti-B antibodies have been neutralized. |

7.3.2.2.2 Altered

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|----------------|---------------------------|---|
| Default | Default: Not specified | Information about the physical or chemical means for changing the composition or structure of the product is not specified. |
| Heat-Denatured | Heat denatured | The product has been heat-denatured for an unspecified amount of time. |

7.3.2.2.3 Donor-Intended Recipient Relationship

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|-------------|---------------------------|---|
| Default | Default: Not specified | No information about relationship between donor and intended recipient is provided. |
| Autologous | Autologous | Donor and intended recipient are the same individual. |

8 Human Milk

8.1 Class

8.1.1 Human Milk

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|----------------|------------------------------|--------------------------|
| HUMAN MILK | HUMAN MILK | Milk from a human donor. |

8.2 Attribute Groups

Note: Both Human Milk and Topical Products of Human Origin are in the Other Therapies category. They therefore share attribute groups and variables; not all variables are valid for Human Milk. Invalid Attribute Groups and Variables are shaded in gray.

| Group Name | Description |
|--|---|
| Storage Conditions | Describes the temperature at which the product should be stored. |
| Pathogen Reduction Status | Describes the status of sterilization or decontamination of the product. |
| Processing Status | Describes the status of the product in regard to its acceptability for use. |
| Additives | Describes additives introduced during the processing of the product. |
| Donor-Intended Recipient Relationship | Describes the relationship between the donor and the intended recipient. |
| Milk Type | Describes the type of milk in the product. |
| Pooling Status | Describes whether or not the product is a combination of multiple collections from the same donor or multiple donors. |
| Preparation | Describes additional processing steps. |
| Nutritional Additives | Indicates nutrients have been introduced during the processing of the product. More information is provided in the packaging. |
| Dietary Characteristics | Indicates if the dietary characteristics of the donor are provided in the packaging. |
| Calorie Count | Indicates if a calorie count of the product is provided in the packaging. |

| Group Name | Description |
|----------------------|--|
| Nutritional Analysis | Indicates if the nutrient content of the product is provided in the packaging. |
| Donor Classification | Describes the classification of the donor. |

8.2.1 Attribute Variables

8.2.1.1 Storage Conditions

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|----------------|---------------------------|--|
| Default | Default: Not specified | Storage conditions not encoded. May be present in text on the label. |
| 0 to 4C | 0-4C | Stored between 0 degrees Celsius and 4 degrees Celsius. |
| ≤-18 C | <=-18C | Product stored at <=-18 degrees Celsius. |
| ≤-20 C | <=-20C | Product stored at <=-20 degrees Celsius. |
| ≤-30 C | <=-30C | Product stored at <=-30 degrees Celsius. |
| ≤-70 C | <=-70 C | Product stored at <=-70 degrees Celsius. |
| 20-24 C | 20-24C | Stored between 20-24 degrees Celsius. |
| Freeze dried | Freeze dried | Preservation in a freeze dried state achieved by freezing follwed by sublimation of water under vacuum to very low residual moisture contents. |
| Refrigerated | Refg | Stored between 1 and 10 degrees Celsius; range may be less depending on national requirements. |
| Thawed | Thawed | A product that is currently in a liquid state but that has been previously frozen. Post thaw storage shall be in compliance with supplier facility's policy. |

8.2.1.2 Pathogen Reduction Status

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|----------------|---------------------------|--|
| Default | Default: Not specified | The pathogen reduction status of the product is not specified. |

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|----------------|---------------------------|--|
| Pasteurized | Pasteurized | The product has been pasteurized in accordance with national guidelines. |
| Raw | Raw | No pathogen reduction process has been performed. |

8.2.1.3 Processing Status

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|------------------------|---------------------------|---|
| Default | Default: Not specified | No information is provided as to the processing status of the product. |
| For further processing | For further processing | The product is in an intermediate stage. Not suitable for use without further processing. |
| For nutritional use | For nutritional use | The product is acceptable for nutritional use. |
| Not for clinical use | Not for clinical use | The product is not intended for patient use. |

8.2.1.4 Additives

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|----------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Default | Default: Additive Not Present | Additives are not present. |
| Saline | Saline | 0.9% NaCl added. |

^{*}Note: gray values are not valid attributes for Human Milk.

8.2.1.5 Donor-Intended Recipient Relationship

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|---------------------|---------------------------|---|
| Default | Default: Allogeneic | Donor and intended recipient are different individuals. |
| Autologous | Autologous | Donor and intended recipient are the same individual. |
| Maternal | Maternal | The donor is the mother of the intended recipient. |
| Specified recipient | Specified recipient | The donor has provided milk for a specific recipient. |

*Note: gray values are not valid attributes for Human Milk.

8.2.1.6 Milk Type

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|----------------|---------------------------|---|
| Default | Default: | No additional information on the type of milk or not |
| | Not specified | applicable because product is not human milk. |
| Colostrum | Colostrum | Expressed ante-natally and during the first few days post- partum prior to the onset of Lactogenesis II. May be more specifically defined by the supplying milk bank. |
| Pre-term | Pre-term | Expressed within the first 4 weeks post-partum by a mother delivered at or before 36 weeks gestation. |
| Term | Term | Expressed after 36 weeks gestation or before 36 weeks but after 4 weeks post-partum. |

8.2.1.7 Pooling Status

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|-------------------------|---------------------------|---|
| Default | Default: Not specified | No information is provided on the pooling status. |
| Pooled, <7 donors | Pooled, <7 donors | Sourced from a pool of no more than six donors. |
| Pooled, donors ≥7 | Pooled, donors >=7 | Sourced from a pool of greater than or equal to 7 donors. |
| Pooled, single donor | Pooled, single donor | Sourced from multiple expressions from a single donor. |
| Single donor expression | Single donor expression | Sourced from a single expression from a single donor. |

8.2.1.8 Preparation

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|----------------|---------------------------|--|
| Default | Default: Not specified | No additional preparation is specified. |
| Fat reduced | Fat reduced | Product has been centrifuged and the cream layer has been removed. |

8.2.1.9 Nutritional Additives

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|-----------------|------------------------------|--|
| Default | Default: Nutrients not added | Nutrient additives are not present in the product. |
| Nutrients added | Nutrients added | Nutrients have been added to the product. Additional information may appear in text on label or in accompanying documentation. |

8.2.1.10 Dietary Characteristics

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| Default | Default: Dietary characteristics NS | No special dietary characteristics are specified. |
| Special dietary characteristics | Special dietary characteristics: Yes | Product expressed by a mother who has declared special dietary characteristics. Additional information may appear in text on label or in accompanying documentation. |

8.2.1.11 Calorie Count

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|------------------------|---|---|
| Default | Default: Specified calorie value NS | A calorie value is not specified. |
| Calorie value specifed | Specified calorie value: Yes | A calorie value has been determined. Additional information may appear in text on label or in accompanying documentation. |

8.2.1.12 Nutritional Analysis

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|--------------------------------------|---|---|
| Default | Default: Nutritional analysis NS | Nutrient content of the product is not specified. |
| Nutritional analysis specified | Specified nutritional analysis: Yes | The nutrient content of the product has been analyzed. Additional information may appear in text on label or in accompanying documentation. |

8.2.1.13 Donor Classification

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|--------------------|---------------------------|--|
| Default | Default: Not specified | Donor classification is not specified in the coding. |
| Volunteer donor | Volunteer donor | Donor provided milk without monetary compensation beyond the reimbursement of reasonable expenses. |
| Paid donor | Paid donor | Donor received payment for providing milk greater than the reimbursement of reasonable expenses. |

9 Topical Products of Human Origin

9.1 Class

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|--------------------|---------------------------|---|
| FIBRIN SEALANT | FIBRIN SEALANT | A product comprising separate containers of thrombin and a source of fibrinogen that are intended for simultaneous application. The product may also include a delivery device. |
| | | (Note: This product may also be used as a matrix in cellular therapy/regenerated tissue procedures. In this situation, it would be coded as an Attribute, not as a Class.) |
| SERUM EYE DROPS | SERUM EYE DROPS | A product containing serum intended for treatment of the ocular surface. |
| SERUM, DILUTED | SERUM, DILUTED | The liquid portion of blood following the completion of the clotting process intended to be processed into a product for topical application. |

9.2 Attribute Groups

Note: Both Human Milk and Topical Products of Human Origin are in the Other Therapies category. They therefore share attribute groups and variables; not all variables are valid for Topical products. Invalid Attribute Groups and Variables are shaded in gray.

| Group Name | Description |
|---|---|
| Storage Conditions | Describes the temperature at which the product should be stored. |
| Pathogen Reduction Status | Describes the status of sterilization or decontamination of the product. |
| Processing Status | Describes the status of the product in regard to its acceptability for use. |
| Additives | Describes additives introduced during the processing of the product. |
| Donor-Intended Recipient Relationship | Describes the relationship between the donor and the intended recipient. |
| Milk Type | Describes the type of milk in the product. |

| Group Name | Description |
|-------------------------|---|
| Pooling Status | Describes whether or not the product is a combination of multiple collections from the same donor or multiple donors. |
| Preparation | Describes additional processing steps. |
| Nutritional Additives | Indicates nutrients have been introduced during the processing of the product. More information is provided in the packaging. |
| Dietary characteristics | Indicates if the dietary characteristics of the donor are provided in the packaging. |
| Calorie Count | Indicates if a calorie count of the product is provided in the packaging. |
| Nutritional Analysis | Indicates if the nutrient content of the product is provided in the packaging. |
| Donor Classification | Describes the classification of the donor. |

9.2.1 Attribute Variables

9.2.1.1 Storage Conditions

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|----------------|---------------------------|--|
| Default | Default: Not specified | Storage conditions not encoded. May be present in text on the label. |
| 0 to 4C | 0-4C | Stored between 0 degrees Celsius and 4 degrees Celsius. |
| ≤-18 C | <=-18C | Product stored at <=-18 degrees Celsius. |
| ≤-20 C | <=-20C | Product stored at <=-20 degrees Celsius. |
| ≤-30 C | <=-30C | Product stored at <=-30 degrees Celsius. |
| ≤-70 C | <=-70 C | Product stored at <=-70 degrees Celsius. |
| 20-24 C | 20-24C | Stored between 20-24 degrees Celsius. |
| Freeze dried | Freeze dried | Preservation in a freeze dried state achieved by freezing follwed by sublimation of water under vacuum to very low residual moisture contents. |
| Refrigerated | Refg | Stored between 1 and 10 degrees Celsius; range may be less depending on national requirements. |
| Thawed | Thawed | A product that is currently in a liquid state but that has been previously frozen. Post thaw storage shall be in compliance with supplier facility's policy. |

9.2.1.2 Pathogen Reduction Status

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|----------------|---------------------------|--|
| Default | Default: Not specified | The pathogen reduction status of the product is not specified. |
| Pasteurized | Pasteurized | The product has been pasteurized in accordance with national guidelines. |
| Raw | Raw | No pathogen reduction process has been performed. |

^{*}Note: gray values are not valid attributes for Serum Eye Drops.

9.2.1.3 Processing Status

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|------------------------|---------------------------|---|
| Default | Default: Not specified | No information is provided as to the processing status of the product. |
| For further processing | For further processing | The product is in an intermediate stage. Not suitable for use without further processing. |
| For nutritional use | For nutritional use | The product is acceptable for nutritional use. |
| Not for clinical use | Not for clinical use | Not for clinical use. |

^{*}Note: gray values are not valid attributes for Serum Eye Drops.

9.2.1.4 Additives

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|----------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Default | Default: Additive Not Present | Additives are not present. |
| Saline | Saline | 0.9% NaCl added. |

9.2.1.5 Donor-Intended Recipient Relationship

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|----------------|------------------------------|---|
| Default | Default: Allogeneic | Donor and intended recipient are different individuals. |
| Autologous | Autologous | Donor and intended recipient are the same individual. |
| Maternal | Maternal | The donor is the mother of the intended recipient. |

*Note: gray values are not valid attributes for Serum Eye Drops.

9.2.1.6 Milk Type

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|----------------|---------------------------|---|
| Default | Default: Not specified | No additional information on the type of milk or not applicable because product is not human milk. |
| Colostrum | Colostrum | Expressed ante-natally and during the first few days post- partum prior to the onset of Lactogenesis II. May be more specifically defined by the supplying milk bank. |
| Pre-term | Pre-term | expressed within the first 4 weeks post-partum by a mother delivered at or before 36 weeks gestation. |
| Term | Term | expressed after 36 weeks gestation or before 36 weeks but after 4 weeks post-partum. |

^{*}Note: gray values are not valid attributes for Serum Eye Drops.

9.2.1.7 Pooling Status

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|-------------------------|---------------------------|---|
| Default | Default: Not specified | No information is provided on the pooling status. |
| Pooled, <7 donors | Pooled, <7 donors | Sourced from a pool of no more than six donors. |
| Pooled, donors ≥7 | Pooled, donors ≥7 | Sourced from a pool of greater than or equal to 7 donors. |
| Pooled, Single donor | Pooled, Single donor | Sourced from multiple expressions from a single donor. |
| Single donor expression | Single donor expression | Sourced from a single expression from a single donor. |

^{*}Note: gray values are not valid attributes for Serum Eye Drops.

9.2.1.8 Preparation

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|----------------|---------------------------|--|
| Default | Default: Not Specified | No additional preparation is specified. |
| Fat Reduced | Fat Reduced | Product has been centrifuged and the cream layer has been removed. |

^{*}Note: gray values are not valid attributes for Serum Eye Drops.

9.2.1.9 Nutritional Additives

| Common | ISBT 128 | Definition |
|-----------------|--|--|
| Name | Database Name | Definition |
| Default | Default: Nutritional Analysis NS | Nutrient content of the product is not specified. |
| Nutrients added | Nutrients added | Nutrients have been added to the product. Additional information may appear in text on label or in accompanying documentation. |

^{*}Note: gray values are not valid attributes for Serum Eye Drops.

9.2.1.10 Dietary Characteristics

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|---------------------------------|--|--|
| Default | Default: Dietary characteristics not specified | No special dietary characteristics are specified. |
| Special dietary characteristics | Special dietary characteristics: Yes | Product expressed by a mother who has declared special dietary characteristics. Additional information may appear in text on label or in accompanying documentation. |

^{*}Note: gray values are not valid attributes for Serum Eye Drops.

9.2.1.11 Calorie Count

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|------------------------|---|---|
| Default | Default: Specified Calorie Value NS | A calorie value is not specified. |
| Calorie value specifed | Specified Calorie Value: Yes | A calorie value has been determined. Additional information may appear in text on label or in accompanying documentation. |

^{*}Note: gray values are not valid attributes for Serum Eye Drops.

9.2.1.12 Nutritional Analysis

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|--------------------------------|---|---|
| Default | Default: Nutritional Analysis NS | Nutrient content of the product is not specified. |
| Specified nutritional analysis | Specified Nutritional Analysis: Yes | The nutrient content of the product has been analyzed. Additional information may appear in text on label or in accompanying documentation. |

^{*}Note: gray values are not valid attributes for Serum Eye Drops.

9.2.1.13 Donor Classification

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|--------------------|---------------------------|--|
| Default | Default: Not specified | Donor classification is not specified in the coding. |
| Volunteer donor | Volunteer donor | Donor provided milk without monetary compensation beyond the reimbursement of reasonable expenses. |
| Paid donor | Paid donor | Donor received payment for providing milk greater than the reimbursement of reasonable expenses. |

^{*}Note: gray values are not valid attributes for Serum Eye Drops.

10 Fecal Microbiota

10.1 Class

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|---------------------|---------------------------|---|
| FECAL MICROBIOTA | FECAL MICROBIOTA | A product containing fecal microorganisms from a human donor. |

10.2 Attribute Groups

| Group Name | Description |
|---------------|---|
| Storage State | Describes the storage state in which the product is maintained. |

10.2.1 Attribute Variables

10.2.1.1 Storage State

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|----------------|--|--|
| Default | Default: No information provided | No coded information about the storage state is provided. Details may appear in text on the container label or in accompanying documentation. |
| Frozen | Frozen | A product maintained in the frozen state after preparation. |

11 Reproductive

11.1 Class

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|----------------------|---------------------------|---|
| EMBRYO | EMBRYO | A fertilized oocyte that has undergone at least one cell division. Includes zygote/fertilized oocyte. |
| OOCYTE | OOCYTE | Oocyte. |
| OVARIAN TISSUE | OVARIAN TISSUE | Fragment of the ovary. |
| SPERM | SPERM | Sperm. |
| TESTICULAR TISSUE | TESTICULAR TISSUE | Recovered testicular tissue. |

11.2 Attribute Groups

| Group Name | Description |
|--|--|
| Donor-Intended Recipient Relationship | Describes the relationship between the donor and the intended recipient. |
| Processing Status | Indicates if a product is being held for further processing. |
| Type of Preservation | Describes the technique used to preserve the tissue. |
| Collection/Recovery Method | Describes the method used to collect or recover product. |

11.2.1 Attribute Variables

11.2.1.1 Donor-Intended Recipient Relationship

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|----------------|---------------------------|---|
| Default | Default: Not specified | No information about relationship between donor and intended recipient is provided. |
| Allogeneic | Allogeneic | Donor and intended recipient are different individuals. |
| Autologous | Autologous | Donor and intended recipient are the same individual. |

11.2.1.2 Processing Status

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|------------------------|---------------------------|--|
| Default | Default: Not defined | No information is provided as to the status of the product. |
| For further processing | For further processing | Product produced as an intermediate stage. Not suitable for clinical use without further processing. |

11.2.1.3 Type of Preservation

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|----------------|------------------------------|--|
| Default | Default: Not specified | No coded information is provided about the type of preservation. Details about the type of preservation may appear as text on the tissue container label or in accompanying documentation. |
| Cryopreserved | Cryopreserved | Preserved by freezing in the presence of a cryoprotectant and using a method validated to maintain cellular viability and/or preserve tissue matrix structure. |

11.2.1.4 Collection/Recovery Method

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|----------------|---------------------------|---|
| Default | Default: Not specified | Collection or recovery method is not specified. |
| Ejaculated | Ejaculated | Product procured from ejaculate. |
| Extracted | Extracted | Product procured by aspiration or biopsy. |

12 Organ

12.1 Class

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|----------------------------|----------------------------|---|
| HEART | HEART | Heart. |
| HEART LUNG | HEART LUNG | Heart with both lungs including bronchi and trachea. |
| INTESTINE | INTESTINE | Intestine, any portion, without liver. |
| KIDNEY, EN BLOC | KIDNEY, EN BLOC | Two kidneys connected by a common blood supply. |
| KIDNEY, SINGLE | KIDNEY, SINGLE | A single kidney. |
| LIVER, SPLIT | LIVER, SPLIT | Part of a liver. Segments not specified. |
| LIVER, SPLIT, LEFT | LIVER, SPLIT, LEFT | Left lobe of liver with left portal vein. Any combination of segments 2, 3, 4. |
| LIVER, SPLIT, RIGHT | LIVER, SPLIT, RIGHT | Right lobe of liver with right portal vein. Any combination of segments 4, 5, 6, 7, 8. |
| LUNG, DOUBLE | LUNG, DOUBLE | Right and left lungs including contiguous pulmonary artery, bronchi, trachea, and left atrial cuff. |
| LUNG, LEFT | LUNG, LEFT | Left lung including contiguous pulmonary artery, left bronchus, and left atrial cuff. |
| LUNG, RIGHT | LUNG, RIGHT | Right lung including contiguous pulmonary artery, right bronchus, and left atrial cuff. |
| MULTIVISCERAL | MULTIVISCERAL | Liver with intestine (or portion). May include stomach, pancreas, and/or spleen. |
| PANCREAS | PANCREAS | Pancreas with duodenum, may include spleen and splenic artery. |
| RECONSTRUCTION TISSUE | RECONSTRUCTION TISSUE | Other tissue recovered for reconstruction purposes. |
| VESSELS FOR RECONSTRUCTION | VESSELS FOR RECONSTRUCTION | Vessels recovered for reconstruction purposes. |
| WHOLE LIVER | WHOLE LIVER | Whole Liver graft (Segments 1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8). |

12.2 Attribute Groups

| Group Name | Description |
|---------------------|--|
| Anatomical Position | Describes the relative position of the organ in the donor's body prior to organ procurement. |
| Donor Type | Describes if the organ was procured from a living or deceased donor. |
| Intended Use | Describes the intended use of the organ. |
| Vessels | Describes vessels recovered with an organ. |

12.2.1 Attribute Variables

12.2.1.1 Anatomical Position

Note: While in general right and left are best handled as attributes, a notable exception exists. Left and right will be attributes when this is the sole difference between the two products. If this is not the case, for example the left and right lung lobes, then left and right will remain a part of the class.

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|----------------|---------------------------|---|
| Default | Default: Not specified | The anatomical position of the organ is not specified in the coding. |
| Left | Left | The organ originated from donated tissues from the left side of the donor's midsagittal plane. |
| Right | Right | The organ originated from donated tissues from the right side of the donor's midsagittal plane. |

12.2.1.2 Donor Type

*This group applies to kidney, liver, and lung

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|----------------|---------------------------|---|
| Default | Default: Deceased | The organ was obtained from a deceased donor. |
| Living | Living | The organ was obtained from a living donor. |

12.2.1.3 Intended Use

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|--------------------|----------------------------|---|
| Default | Default: For transplant | This organ is intended for transplant to a patient. |
| For research | For research | The organ is not for transplant into a patient. For research, |
| only | only | investigation or repository use only. |
| For cell isolation | For cell isolation | The organ is not for direct transplant into a patient. For isolation of cells that may be used for treatment of patients. |

12.2.1.4 Vessels

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|----------------|---------------------------|---|
| Default | Default: NA or NS | Not applicable (class is not Vessels for Reconstruction) or not specified. |
| Artery, Iliac | Artery, Iliac | An iliac artery recovered with an organ for the purposes of reconstruction. |

^{*}This group applies to kidney only

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|----------------|---------------------------|---|
| Artery, | Artery, | A pulmonary artery recovered with an organ for the |
| Pulmonary | Pulmonary | purposes of reconstruction. |
| Vein, Iliac | Vein, Iliac | An iliac vein recovered with an organ for the purposes of reconstruction. |

13 Regenerated Tissues

13.1 Class

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|
| REGENERATED CARTILAGE | REGENERATED CARTILAGE | Viable chondrocytes constructed into tissue |
| REGENERATED DERMIS TISSUE | REGENERATED DERMIS TISSUE | Viable dermis cells constructed into tissue |
| REGENERATED ELASTIC CARTILAGE | REGENERATED ELASTIC CARTILAGE | Viable elastic cartilage chondrocytes constructed into tissue |
| REGENERATED EPIDERMIS | REGENERATED EPIDERMIS | Viable cells constructed into epidermis. |
| REGENERATED FIBROCARTILAGE | REGENERATED FIBROCARTILAGE | Viable fibrocartilage chondrocytes constructed into tissue |
| REGENERATED HYALINE CARTILAGE | REGENERATED HYALINE CARTILAGE | Viable hyaline cartilage chondrocytes constructed into tissue |
| REGENERATED LIVER TISSUE | REGENERATED LIVER TISSUE | Viable liver cells constructed into tissue |
| REGENERATED ORAL MUCOSA TISSUE | REGENERATED ORAL MUCOSA TISSUE | Viable oral mucosa cells constructed into tissue |
| REGENERATED SKIN TISSUE | REGENERATED SKIN TISSUE | Viable skin cells constructed into tissue |

13.2 Attribute Groups

| Group Name | Description |
|----------------------|--|
| Type of Cells | Describes the primary type of cells used to create the product. |
| Storage Temperature | Describes the storage temperature range. |
| Delivery Method | Describes the form of the product for implantation. |
| Ancillary Substances | Indicates the presence of substances used during the manufacturing of products that may not be entirely removed. |
| Excipients | Indicates the presence of inactive ingredients that were added during product formulation. |

13.2.1 Attribute Variables

13.2.1.1 Type of Cells

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|---------------------|------------------------------|---|
| Default | Default: Not specified | The type of cells within the product is not specified in the coding. Details may be stated in text on the label or in the accompanying documentation. |
| Chondrocytes | Chondrocytes | Chondrocytes are the primary cell type present in the product. |
| Epithelial cells | Epithelial cells | Epithelial Cells are the primary cell type present in the product. |
| Fibroblasts | Fibroblasts | Fibroblasts are the primary cell type present in the product. |
| Hepatocytes | Hepatocytes | Hepatocytes are the primary cell type present in the product. |
| Keratinocytes | Keratinocytes | Keratinocytes are the primary cell type present in the product. |
| Melanocytes | Melanocytes | Melanocytes are the primary cell type present in the product. |
| Multiple cell types | Multiple cell types | Multiple cell types are present in the product |
| Urothelial cells | Urothelial cells | Urothelial Cells are the primary cell type present in the product. |

13.2.1.2 Storage Temperature

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|----------------|------------------------------|--|
| Default | Default: Not specified | The storage temperature is not specified in the coding. Details may be stated in text on the label or in the accompanying documentation. |
| RT | RT | Room temperatureThe product is to be stored at room temperature. Specific ranges may be specified by national authorities. |
| Refg | Refg | Refrigerated – The product is to be stored at refrigerated temperatures. Specific ranges may be specified by national authorities. |
| Cryopreserved | Cryopreserved | Cryopreserved – The product contains cryoprotectant(s) and is to be stored in the frozen state. Further details may be stated in text on the label or in the accompanying documentation. |

13.2.1.3 Delivery method

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|----------------|---------------------------|---|
| Default | Default: Not specified | The method of delivering the implanted cells is not specified in the coding. Details may be stated in text on the label or in the accompanying documentation. |
| Sheet | Sheet | The product is presented as a sheet. |

13.2.1.4 Ancillary substances

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|--|---|--|
| Default | Default: Not specified | The presence of ancillary substances is not specified in the coding. Details may be stated in text on the label or in the accompanying documentation. |
| Ancillary substances present | Ancillary substances:Yes | Ancillary substances are present in the product. Further details may be stated in text on the label or in the accompanying documentation. |
| Ancillary substances present including animal origin | Ancillary substances:Yes including animal origin | Ancillary substance(s) including of animal origin are present in the product. Further details may be stated in the text on the label or in the accompanying documentation. |

13.2.1.5 Excipients

| Common Name | ISBT 128 Database Name | Definition |
|--------------------|---------------------------|--|
| Default | Default: Not specified | The presence of excipients is not specified in the coding. Details may be stated in text on the label or in the accompanying documentation. |
| Excipients: Yes | Excipients:Yes | Excipients are present in the product. Further details may be may be stated in text on the label or in the accompanying documentation. |

14 Retired Terminology

Over time, product descriptions codes and the associated terminology may become inappropriate, redundant, or errors may be discovered. As a result, a mechanism must exist to discontinue future use of these codes and terms. However, because products may exist in inventories across the world, the product description codes must be retained in the database for backward compatibility.

To accomplish this goal, a column exists in the Product Description Code database. This "Retired Date" column indicates the date on which ICCBBA recommended the codes no longer be used for new products. Software should be written to recognize these codes, but not assign them to newly created products. It is understood that facilities must be given time to retire product description codes after ICCBBA has made its recommendation.

Below are terms and their definitions that have been retired.

14.1 Blood

14.1.1 Class

| Term | Definition |
|-------------|--|
| LYMPHOCYTES | A product in which the major cellular component is lymphocytes. Unless otherwise specified the product has been obtained from Whole Blood. |
| MONOCYTES | A product in which the major cellular component is monocytes. Unless otherwise specified the product has been obtained from Whole Blood. |

14.1.2 Attribute

14.1.2.1 Core Conditions

| Term | Definition |
|------------------|------------|
| CP2D-AS3/XX/refg | E@B0 |
| CP2DA/450mL/refg | E@14 |
| DMSO/NS/<=-80C | E@CK |
| None/NS/<=-18C | E@BD |
| None/NS/rt | E@BF |

14.1.2.2 Attributes: Groups

| Term | Definition |
|----------------|---------------------------------------|
| Platelet Count | Specifies whether additional platelet |
| Flatelet Count | count information is provided. |

14.1.3 Attributes: Variables

14.1.3.1 Platelet Count Group

| Default: no information | Platelet Count may or may not be specified |
|-------------------------|---|
| Count not encoded | Platelet count is provided in eye- readable form only. |

14.2 Cellular Therapy

14.2.1 Class

| Term | Definition |
|---|---|
| LYMPHOCYTES, Apheresis | Lymphocytes obtained by appropriate manipulation of an apheresis collection. |
| MNC, Apheresis (from terminology prior to 2007); changed to Mononuclear Cells, Apheresis in 2013 | Mononuclear cells obtained by apheresis. |
| POOLED HPC, Apheresis | Pool of multiple HPC Apheresis collections from the same donor. |
| TC-CTL, Apheresis | (Not defined). |
| TC-DC, Apheresis | (Not defined). |
| TC-DC, CORD | (Not defined). |
| TC-DC, MARROW | (Not defined). |
| T CELLS | T cells obtained by appropriate manipulation of a Whole Blood collection. |
| TC-CTL, WHOLE BLOOD | (Not defined). |
| TC-T, Apheresis | (Not defined) |
| TC-T, WHOLE BLOOD | (Not defined) |
| TC-APC | A cell product containing antigen presenting cells other than dendritic cells. The product is intended for therapeutic use. |
| TC-CTL | A cell product containing cytotoxic lymphocytes. The product is intended for therapeutic use. |
| TC-DC | A cell product containing dendritic cells. The product is intended for therapeutic use. |

| Term | Definition |
|-------------------|---|
| TC-INV | A cell product for an investigational study that is accompanied by appropriate identifying study information. The product is intended for therapeutic use. This class is used for a specific product, not a product that is part |
| 10-114 | of a blinded comparison study. Throughout the study, products labeled as TC-INV will be the same product, although the dose may vary within a specified range defined by the study. |
| TC-MSC | A cell product containing mesenchymal stromal cells. The product is intended for therapeutic use. |
| TC-NK CELLS | A cell product containing natural killer cells. The product is intended for therapeutic use. |
| TC-T CELLS | A cell product from any source containing a quantified T cell population. The product is intended for therapeutic use. |
| TC, TUMOR DERIVED | A product containing malignant cells or elements derived from them. The product is intended for therapeutic use. |
| TC-TIL | A cell product containing autologous tumor infiltrating lymphocytes (TIL) which have been isolated from the patient's tumor and cultured with lymphokines. The product is intended for therapeutic use. |
| TC-T REG CELLS | A cell product containing T regulatory lymphocytes. The product is intended for therapeutic use. |

14.2.2 Modifiers

14.2.2.1 Bounded Lists and Definitions

| Term | Definition |
|-------------------------|--|
| Cryopreserved | Applies to cells in the frozen state after the addition of |
| С., ор. сос. тос. | cryoprotectant(s). |
| Cryopreserved Non- | Applies to cells that have been obtained from a donor not treated with an agent to increase the concentration of the target cell |
| Mobilized | population(s) and then frozen after the addition of cryoprotectant. |
| 250 | [To be used only for HPC, Apheresis or HPC, Whole Blood]. |
| Frozen | Describes a product in the cryopreserved state at a designated |
| 1102011 | temperature. |
| | Describes a product prepared by adding a variable amount of |
| | heparin to the anticoagulant before beginning the collection |
| Heparinized | procedure, or in which heparin is the sole anticoagulant. Processing records should provide a record of the amount of |
| | heparin used; the label text should specify the amount of heparin |
| | in the final product. |
| | Applies to cells that have been obtained from a donor treated |
| Mobilized | with an agent to increase the concentration of the target cell |
| Widelinged | population(s) [to be used only for TC, Apheresis or bone |
| | marrow]. |
| | Applies to cells that have been obtained from a donor not treated with an agent to increase the concentration of the target cell |
| Non-Mobilized | population(s) [To be used only for HPC, Apheresis or HPC, |
| | Whole Blood]. |
| Pooled, Single Donor | Applies to the combination of multiple collections of the same |
| 1 doica, dirigic Borior | product type from the same donor. |
| Pooled, Single Donor | Applies to the combination of multiple collections of the same |
| Cryopreserved | product type from the same donor and then frozen after the |
| | addition of cryoprotectant. Applies to the combination of multiple collections of |
| Pooled, Single Donor | cryopreserved cells from the same donor of the same product |
| Thawed Washed | type that have been thawed and washed to remove |
| | cryoprotectant or other solution(s). |
| Thawed | Applies to cryopreserved cells that have been thawed without |
| mawcd | washing prior to final issue for administration. |
| | Applies to cryopreserved cells that have been thawed and |
| Thawed Washed | subsequently washed to remove cryoprotectant or other |
| | solution(s). Applies to cells that have been obtained from a donor not treated |
| | with an agent to increase the concentration of the target cell |
| Thawed Washed Non- | population(s) then thawed and subsequently washed to remove |
| Mobilized | cryoprotectant or other solution(s). [To be used only for HPC, |
| | Apheresis or HPC, Whole Blood]. |
| | Applies to cells from a non-cryopreserved product that have |
| Washed | been washed to reduce the amount of plasma, anticoagulant, |
| | and/or other solution(s). |

14.2.3 Attributes

14.2.3.1 Core Conditions, First Position

| Term | Definition |
|----------------|--|
| ACD-A | Acid Citrate Dextrose, Formula A. |
| ACD-A+10% | Acid Citrate Dextrose, Formula A – 10% |
| DMSO | Dimethylsulfoxide. |
| ACD-A + | Acid Citrate Dextrose, Formula A – |
| Heparin | heparin. |
| ACD-A + | Acid Citrate Dextrose, Formula A – |
| Heparin+6% | heparin – 6% Hydroxyethyl starch. |
| HES | |
| ACD-A + | Acid Citrate Dextrose, Formula A- |
| Heparin+6% | Heparin – 6% Hydroxyethyl starch – |
| HES + 10% | 10% Dimethylsulfoxide |
| DMSO | |
| CPDA-1 | Citrate Phosphate Dextrose Adenine. |
| CPDA-1+DMSO | Citrate Phosphate Dextrose Adenine – |
| OI DA TIDIVIOO | Dimethylsulfoxide. |
| CPDA-1+10% | Citrate Phosphate Dextrose Adenine – |
| DMSO+30% | 10% Dimethylsulfoxide + 30% Isotonic |
| SSPP+10% | Albumin + 10% plasma. |
| plasma | |
| CPDA-1+10% | Citrate Phosphate Dextrose Adenine – |
| DMSO+0.8% | 10% Dimethylsulfoxide – 8% |
| HES+1% | Hydroxyethyl starch + 1% Dextran. |
| dextran | |
| CPD | Citrate Phosphate Dextrose. |
| CPD+Heparin | Citrate Phosphate Dextrose – heparin. |
| DMSO | Dimethylsulfoxide. |
| HES-DMSO | Hydroxyethyl starch – Dimethylsulfoxide. |
| PBS | Phosphate Buffered Saline. |
| PBS+alb+4% | Phosphate Buffered Saline – albumin – |
| NaCitrate | 4% Sodium Citrate. |
| PBS+alb+4% | Phosphate Buffered Saline – albumin – |
| NaCitrate+10% | 4% Sodium Citrate – 10% |
| DMSO | Dimethylsulfoxide. |

14.2.4 Attributes: Groups

| Term | Definition |
|--|---|
| System Integrity | Describes the microbiological integrity of the collection/storage system. |
| Preparation — Additional Information | Provides supplementary information about the preparation of a product. |
| Final Product — | Provides additional information |
| Additional | regarding the number of containers of |
| Information | final product prepared from a collection. |
| Further Processing | Describes additional processing steps. |

14.2.4.1 Attributes: Variables

14.2.4.1.1 System Integrity Group

| Term | Definition |
|-----------------|--|
| Default: Closed | The product has been prepared in a closed system and the microbiological integrity of the system has not been compromised. |
| Open | Open System: the system has been opened and the microbiological integrity may have been compromised. |

14.2.4.1.2 Preparation: Additional Information Group

| Term | Definition |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| Default: no preparation information | There is no information about the preparation of the product. |
| 1.25% Albumin in saline added | A product to which 1.25% albumin in saline has been added. |
| 6% HES + 5% DMSO | Moved to Cryoprotectant Attribute group. |
| 6% HES+5% DMSO-Plasma added | A product to which hydroxyethyl starch, dimethylsulfoxide and plasma have been added. |
| 10% DMSO | Moved to Cryoprotectant Attribute group. |
| Dextran+Albumin added | A product to which dextran and albumin have been added. |
| Donor erythrocytes added | A product to which donor erythrocytes have been added. |
| Heparin added | A product to which heparin has been added. |
| Plasma added | A product to which plasma has been added. |
| Plasma reduced | A product from which some of the plasma has been removed. |
| Plasma removed | A product from which most of the plasma has been removed. |

14.2.4.1.3 Final Product: Additional Information Group

| Term | Definition |
|------------------|---|
| Default | A single container of final product was prepared from the collection. |
| 1 st | The first of two or more containers holding |
| container | a product prepared from one collection. |
| 2 nd | The second of two or more containers |
| container | holding a product prepared from one collection. |
| 3 rd | The third of three or more containers |
| container | holding a product prepared from collection. |
| 4 th | The fourth of four or more containers |
| container | holding a product prepared from one collection. |
| 5 th | The fifth of five or more containers holding |
| container | a product prepared from one collection. |
| 6 th | The sixth of six or more containers |
| container | holding a product prepared from one collection. |
| 7 th | The seventh of seven or more containers |
| container | holding a product prepared from one |
| - Cornainor | collection. |
| 8 th | The eighth of eight or more containers |
| container | holding a product prepared from one collection. |
| 9 th | The ninth of nine or more containers |
| container | holding a product prepared from one collection. |
| 10 th | The tenth of ten or more containers |
| container | holding a product prepared from one collection. |
| 11 th | The eleventh of eleven or more containers |
| container | holding a product prepared from one collection. |
| 12 th | The twelfth of twelve or more containers |
| container | holding a product prepared from one |
| Container | collection. |
| 13 th | The thirteenth of thirteen or more |
| container | containers holding a product prepared |
| | from one collection. |
| 14 th | The fourteenth of fourteen or more |
| container | containers holding a product prepared from one collection. |
| 4 = 46 | The fifteenth of fifteen or more containers |
| 15 th | holding a product prepared from one |
| container | collection. |

| Term | Definition |
|----------------------------|---|
| 16 th container | The sixteenth of sixteen or more containers holding a product prepared from one collection. |

14.2.4.1.4 Manipulation Group

| Term | Definition |
|------------|---|
| AC133- | The AC133 cell population has been |
| selected | selected for by appropriate manipulation. |
| CD8- | The CD8 cell population has been |
| depleted | reduced by appropriate manipulation. |
| CD34- | The CD34 cell population has been |
| removed | reduced by appropriate manipulation. |
| Density | Not defined. |
| enriched | Not defined. |
| | Extensively Manipulated: further positive |
| Extensive | or negative selection of specific fractions |
| | from a minimally manipulated product. |
| From buffy | Not defined. |
| coat | |
| | Minimally Manipulated: processed by |
| | centrifugation and/or density gradient |
| Minimal | fractionation to concentrate the |
| | mononuclear cell fraction [includes |
| | depletion of red blood cells and plasma]. |
| T-cells | T-cells have been removed from the |
| depleted | product. |
| Alpha Beta | The cells remaining after the Alpha Beta |
| T cell | T cells have been reduced. |
| reduced* | |
| Alpha Beta | The cells remaining after the Alpha Beta |
| T/B cell | T cells and B cells have been reduced. |
| reduced* | |
| B cell | Cells remaining after B cells have been |
| reduced* | reduced. |
| Buffy coat | Cells remaining after reduction of mature |
| enriched** | erythrocytes and plasma. |
| CD4 | Product in which the CD4 cell population |
| enriched** | has been enriched. |
| CD8 | Cells remaining after the CD8 cell |
| reduced* | population has been reduced. |
| CD34 | Product in which the CD34 cell population |
| enriched** | has been enriched. |
| CD56 | Product in which the CD56 cell population |
| enriched** | has been enriched. |
| CD133 | A product in which the CD133 cell |
| enriched** | population has been enriched. |

| Term | Definition |
|---|---|
| Cultured*** | Cells that have been maintained ex vivo to activate, expand, or promote development of a specified cell population in the presence of specified additive(s). |
| Diluted | A product to which an additional diluent (e.g. Concurrent Plasma) has been added after collection to reduce cell concentration for transit, storage, processing, or cryopreservation. |
| Monocyte enriched** | Product in which the monocyte cell population has been enriched. |
| Mono- nuclear cells enriched** | Cells remaining after reduction or depletion of mature erythrocytes, granulocytes and plasma. |
| Plasma reduced* | Cells remaining after a portion of the plasma has been depleted by sedimentation or centrifugation. |
| RBC reduced* | Cells remaining after reduction of mature erythrocytes. |
| T/B cell reduced* | Cells remaining after T&B cells have been reduced. |
| T cell reduced* | Cells remaining after T cells have been reduced. |
| Tumor cells reduced* | An identified tumor cell population has been reduced. |

^{*} These terms were retired from the Manipulation Group and moved into the Reduction Group.

14.2.4.1.5 Further Processing Group

| Term | Definition |
|--------------------------------|----------------|
| Default: no further processing | (Not defined). |
| Volume DMSO reduced | (Not defined). |

^{**}These terms were retired from the Manipulation Group and moved into the Enrichment Group.

^{***}This term was retired from the Manipulation Group and moved into the Cultured Group.

14.2.4.1.6 Cryoprotectant Group

| Term | Definition |
|--------------|---|
| DMSO reduced | The cells were frozen using DMSO as a cryoprotective agent that has subsequently been partially removed using a wash procedure after thawing. |

14.2.4.1.7 Mobilization

| Term | Definition |
|---------------|---|
| Non-mobilized | Applies to cells that have been obtained from a donor not treated with an agent to increase the concentration of the target cell population(s). |

14.3 Tissue Terminology

14.3.1 Class

| Term | Definition |
|----------------------------------|--|
| AORTIC NON- VALVED CONDUIT | A section of aortic conduit, not containing a valve. |
| AORTIC PATCH | A piece of the aorta. |
| BLOOD VESSEL | A tube in the body carrying blood to (vein) or from (artery) the heart. |
| CADAVERIC CANCELLOUS BONE | Cancellous bone from a cadaveric donor. |
| CADAVERIC CORTICAL BONE | Cortical bone from a cadaveric donor. |
| CALCAR FEMORALE | Vertically oriented bone that originates in posteromedial portion of femoral shaft under lesser trochanter which radiates laterally toward posterior aspect of greater trochanter. |
| CANCELLOUS BONE CHIPS | Cancellous bone, cut in pieces of nominally 6mm x 6mm x 30mm. |
| CANCELLOUS BONE CUBES | Cancellous bone, cut in cubes of nominally 1cm. |

| Term | Definition |
|---|--|
| CANCELLOUS BONE DOWEL | A cancellous bone cylinder of 9– 11mm length and 14–16mm diameter. |
| CANCELLOUS BONE PEG | Cancellous bone, cut as a single piece of nominally 15 x 15 x 30mm. |
| CANCELLOUS FEMORAL KNEE SLICE | Slice taken across the distal femur in the medial, lateral plane: depth nominally 1cm. |
| CANCELLOUS TIBIAL KNEE SLICE | Slice taken across the proximal tibia in the medial, lateral plane: depth nominally 1cm. |
| CORTICAL BONE BLOCKS | Pieces of cortical bone that have been machined into a cube shaped block. |
| CORTICAL BONE, GROUND, PASTE | Predominantly cortical bone reduced to a powder and with the addition of an agent or agents to create a smooth viscous mixture. |
| CORTICAL BONE, GROUND, PUTTY | Predominantly cortical bone reduced to a powder and with the addition of an agent or agents to create a thick mixture or cement with a dough-like consistency. |
| CORTICAL FEMORAL BONE RING | A hollow cylinder of cortical bone, cut from the central portion of the shaft of a femur — depth in mm indicated on packaging. |
| CORTICAL FEMORAL BONE STRIP | A length of the central part of the femur, cut in narrow strips of varying width, usually 5–20mm in the proximal distal plane — length in cm indicated on packaging. |
| CORTICAL SHEET | Cortical bone, cut in sheets of 100–300µm thickness. |
| CORTICOCAN CELLOUS BONE, CRUSHED | Corticocancellous bone subjected to crushing action (force) to yield varying sizes of bone fragments. |
| CORTICOCAN CELLOUS BONE, GROUND | Corticocancellous bone ground to varying sizes through mill action. |

| Term | Definition |
|---|--|
| | A cylinder of cortical bone, enclosing |
| CORTICOCAN CELLOUS FEMORAL BONE RING | a cylinder of |
| | cancellous bone, cut from the distal |
| | or proximal part of |
| | the femur — depth in mm indicated |
| | on packaging. |
| | Distal or proximal part of femoral |
| 00071000444 | shaft, including cortical |
| CORTICOCAN | and cancellous bone, cut in the |
| CELLOUS | proximal, distal plane in |
| FEMORAL | narrow strips of varying width, |
| BONE STRIP | usually 5–20mm — length |
| | in cm indicated on packaging. |
| | Piece of bone from the cranium |
| CRANIAL | component of the skull. |
| PLATE | (Replaced in the database with new |
| | class BONE, SKULL). |
| EYE, LEFT | A left eye removed from its socket. |
| EYE, RIGHT | A right eye removed from its socket. |
| | Lateral lower extremity of the femur |
| FEMORAL | inclusive of cartilaginous surface |
| CONDYLE, | transected with 1-2cm cancellous |
| LATERAL | bone. |
| FEMORAL | Lateral lower extremity of the left |
| CONDYLE, | femur inclusive of cartilaginous |
| LATERAL, | surface transected with 1-2cm |
| LEFT | cancellous bone. |
| FEMORAL | Lateral lower extremity of the right |
| CONDYLE, | femur inclusive of cartilaginous |
| LATERAL, | surface transected with 1-2cm |
| RIGHT | cancellous bone. |
| 1410111 | Medial lower extremity of the femur |
| FEMORAL | inclusive of |
| CONDYLE, | cartilaginous surface transected with |
| MEDIAL | 1-2cm cancellous |
| | bone. |
| | Medial lower extremity of the left |
| FEMORAL | femur inclusive of cartilaginous |
| CONDYLE, | surface transected with 1-2cm |
| MEDIAL, LEFT | cancellous bone. |
| FEMORAL | Medial lower extremity of the right |
| CONDYLE, | femur inclusive of cartilaginous |
| MEDIAL, | surface transected with 1-2cm |
| RIGHT | cancellous bone. |
| FEMORAL | |
| HEAD | Proximal head of the femur. |
| | A slice of the femoral head, taken in |
| FEMORAL HEAD SLICE | the distal proximal plane 4-8mm |
| LILAD SLICE | deep. |

| Term | Definition |
|-----------------|---|
| FEMORAL | Either half of a femoral head bisected |
| HEAD, HALF | in the distal proximal plane. |
| FEMORAL | Proximal head of the femur removed |
| HEAD, LEFT | from the left femur by transecting the |
| HEAD, LEFT | femoral neck. |
| FEMODAL | Proximal head of the femur removed |
| FEMORAL | from the right femur by transecting |
| HEAD, RIGHT | the femoral neck. |
| FEMORAL | A guertered provincel bond of the |
| HEAD, | A quartered proximal head of the femur. |
| QUARTER | lemur. |
| | The mid-portion of the femur |
| FEMORAL | removed by transecting the |
| SHAFT | femur just below the tuberosities and |
| SHAFT | just above the |
| | distal joint. |
| | The mid-portion of the left femur |
| FEMORAL | removed by transecting the femur |
| SHAFT, LEFT | just below the tuberosities and just |
| | above the distal joint. |
| | The mid-portion of the right femur |
| FEMORAL | removed by transecting the femur |
| SHAFT, RIGHT | just below the tuberosities and just |
| | above the distal joint. |
| | Distal portion of the femur, including |
| FEMUR, | the femoral condyles and part of the |
| DISTAL | femoral shaft, removed by |
| DIOTAL | transecting the shaft in the mid- |
| | portion. |
| | Distal portion of the left femur, |
| FEMUR, | including the femoral condyles and |
| DISTAL, LEFT | part of the femoral shaft, removed by |
| שוליותב, בבו יו | transecting the shaft in the mid- |
| | portion. |
| | Distal portion of the right femur, |
| FEMUR, | including the femoral condyles and |
| DISTAL, RIGHT | part of the femoral shaft, removed by |
| | transecting the shaft in the mid- |
| | portion. |
| EENAL'S | Proximal part of the femur, including |
| FEMUR, | the head, tuberosities and part of the |
| PROXIMAL | shaft removed by transecting |
| | the femoral shaft in the mid-portion. |
| FEMUR, | Proximal part of the femur, including |
| PROXIMAL, | the head, tuberosities and part of the |
| LEFT | shaft removed by transecting the left |
| | femoral shaft in the mid-portion. |

| Term | Definition |
|---------------|---|
| | Proximal part of the femur, including |
| FEMUR, | the head, tuberosities and part of the |
| PROXIMAL, | shaft removed by transecting the |
| RIGHT | right femoral shaft in the mid-portion. |
| | The distal portion of the humerus |
| HUMERUS, | including a portion of the shaft and |
| DISTAL | the distal epiphysis. |
| | The proximal portion of the humerus |
| HUMERUS, | including a portion of the shaft and |
| PROXIMAL | the proximal epiphysis. |
| ILIAC CREST | Pieces of iliac crest (start product). |
| ILIAC CINEST | The distal femur still attached to the |
| KNEE JOINT, | proximal tibia of the left leg removed |
| LEFT | by transecting the femur above the |
| LEFI | joint and the tibia below the joint. |
| | The distal femur still attached to the |
| | proximal tibia of the right leg |
| KNEE JOINT, | removed by transecting the femur |
| RIGHT | , |
| | above the joint and the tibia below |
| | the joint. |
| MENICOLLECT | A single graft consisting of both the |
| MENISCI, LEFT | lateral and medial meniscus |
| | dissected from the left knee joint. |
| MENISCI, | A single graft consisting of both the |
| RIGHT | lateral and medial meniscus |
| MENHOOLIO | dissected from the right knee joint. |
| MENISCUS | A meniscus. |
| MENISCUS, | A lateral meniscus dissected from |
| LATERAL, | the left knee joint. |
| LEFT | |
| MENISCUS, | A lateral meniscus dissected from |
| LATERAL, | the right knee joint. |
| RIGHT | A constitution of a second form |
| MENISCUS, | A medial meniscus dissected from |
| MEDIAL, LEFT | the left knee joint. |
| MENISCUS, | A medial meniscus dissected from |
| MEDIAL, | the right knee joint. |
| RIGHT | , |
| OVARIAN | Fragment of the ovary. |
| TISSUE | · |
| DATELLA | An entire patella inclusive of |
| PATELLA | cartilaginous posterior |
| BONE BLOCK | surface, tendon removed from points |
| | of insertion. |
| DELVIO | Massive allograft of pelvis comprising |
| PELVIS, | the majority of the |
| MASSIVE | Os Innominatum (nameless bone). |
| ALLOGRAFT | (Replaced in the database with new |
| | class BONE, PELVIS) |

| Term | Definition |
|---|--|
| PELVIS, MASSIVE ALLOGRAFT, LEFT | Massive allograft of left pelvis comprising the majority of the Os Innominatum (nameless bone). |
| PELVIS, MASSIVE ALLOGRAFT, RIGHT | Massive allograft of right pelvis comprising the majority of the Os Innominatum (nameless bone). |
| RADIUS, DISTAL | The distal portion of the radius including a portion of the shaft and the distal epiphysis. |
| RADIUS, PROXIMAL | The proximal portion of the radius including a portion of the shaft and the proximal epiphysis. |
| SAPHENOUS VEIN | A segment of a saphenous vein. |
| SKIN | Skin, not specified as to size. |
| SKIN, LARGE | Split thickness skin graft of greater than 10cm ² - surface area indicated on packaging. |
| SKIN, SMALL | Split thickness skin graft of 10cm ² or smaller - surface area indicated on packaging. |
| STRUT, NARROW | A length of the central part of the femur, cut in quarters in the proximal distal plane — length in cm indicated on packaging. |
| STRUT, WIDE | A length of the central part of the femur, cut in halves in the proximal distal plane — length in cm indicated on packaging. |
| TENDON, ACHILLES, LEFT | An Achilles tendon, attached to the bone block from the left calcaneus: at least 15 cm in length, including bone block. |
| TENDON, ACHILLES, RIGHT | An Achilles tendon, attached to the bone block from the right calcaneus: at least 15 cm in length, including bone block. |
| TENDON, PATELLA, LEFT | A patella tendon attached to the whole left patella bone and a bone block from the left tibia. |
| TENDON, PATELLA, RIGHT | A patella tendon attached to the whole right patella bone and a bone block from the right tibia. |
| TENDON, SEMITENDINO SUS, LEFT | A semitendinosus tendon at least 20cm length, obtained from the left leg. |

| Term | Definition |
|--------------------|---|
| TENDON, | A semitendinosus tendon at least |
| SEMITENDINO | 20cm length, obtained from the right |
| SUS, RIGHT | leg. |
| TENDON, TOE | A toe extensor tendon at least 9cm |
| EXTENSOR | length. |
| | A section of the mid shaft of the tibia, |
| TIBIA SHAFT | removed by transecting. |
| TIDIA | Upper extremity of the tibia inclusive |
| TIBIA, PROXIMAL | of cartilaginous surface transected |
| TROXIIVIAL | with 1-2cm cancellous bone. |
| TIBIA, | Lateral upper extremity of the tibia |
| PROXIMAL, | inclusive of cartilaginous surface |
| LATERAL | transected with 1-2cm cancellous |
| LITTER | bone. |
| TIBIA, | Medial upper extremity of the tibia |
| PROXIMAL, | inclusive of cartilaginous surface |
| MEDIAL | transected with 1-2cm cancellous |
| | bone. |
| TIBIA, | Lateral upper extremity of the left |
| PROXIMAL, | tibia inclusive of cartilaginous surface |
| LATERAL, | transected with 1-2cm cancellous |
| LEFT | bone. |
| TIBIA, | Lateral upper extremity of the right |
| PROXIMAL, | tibia inclusive of cartilaginous surface |
| LATERAL, RIGHT | transected with 1-2cm cancellous |
| RIGHT | bone. |
| TIBIA, | Proximal part of the left tibia, including the tibial plateau and part of |
| PROXIMAL, | the tibial shaft, without cartilage, |
| LEFT | removed by transecting the tibial |
| | shaft in the mid-portion. |
| | Medial upper extremity of the left |
| TIBIA, | tibia inclusive of cartilaginous surface |
| PROXIMAL, | transected with 1-2cm cancellous |
| MEDIAL, LEFT | bone. |
| TIBIA, | Medial upper extremity of the right |
| PROXIMAL, | tibia inclusive of cartilaginous surface |
| MEDIAL, | transected with 1-2cm cancellous |
| RIGHT | bone. |
| | Proximal part of the right tibia, |
| TIBIA, | including the tibial plateau and part of |
| PROXIMAL, | the tibial shaft, without cartilage, |
| RIGHT | removed by transecting the tibial |
| | shaft in the mid-portion. |
| TISSUE | Human tissue not otherwise |
| 11000L | specified. |
| | Section of iliac crest, with three |
| TRI-CORTICAL | facets covered by cortex, cut 30mm |
| WEDGE | in length perpendicular to and 15mm |
| | along superior iliac spine. |

| Term | Definition |
|----------------------------|--|
| ULNA, DISTAL | The distal portion of the ulna including a portion of the shaft and the distal epiphysis. |
| ULNA, PROXIMAL | The proximal portion of the ulna including a portion of the shaft and the proximal epiphysis. |
| WHOLE KNEE JOINT, LEFT | The distal femur still attached to the proximal tibia of the left leg (the femur transected above the joint, the tibia transected below the joint), inclusive of the patella tendon, meniscus with intact synovial fluid compartment. |
| WHOLE KNEE JOINT, RIGHT | The distal femur still attached to the proximal tibia of the right leg (the femur transected above the joint, the tibia transected below the joint), inclusive of the patella tendon, meniscus with intact synovial fluid compartment. |

14.3.2 Modifiers

14.3.2.1 Bounded Lists and Definitions

| Term | Definition |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Cleaned Frozen | Processed to remove extraneous tissue and treated |
| Acellular | to deplete cell, cell remnant and nucleic acid content. |
| | Processed to remove extraneous tissue and, in the |
| Cleaned Frozen | case of bone, to deplete blood and bone marrow. |
| | Frozen to, and stored at or below –20°C. |
| | Processed to remove extraneous tissue and bacterial |
| Cryopreserved | and fungal contaminants. Cryopreserved using a cryoprotective agent and stored below -135°C. |
| Decontaminated | Chemically decontaminated and free of viable |
| Frozen | bacteria and fungi by culture. Frozen to, and stored at, below -40°C. |
| Demineralized | Bone that has been acid-treated. |
| Demineralized | Bone that has been acid-treated and then freeze- |
| Freeze Dried | dried to less than 5% residual moisture. |
| Demineralized Pooled Single | Tissue from a single donor processed as a single batch that has been acid-treated. |
| Donor | battii tiiat iias beeli attu-tieateu. |
| | Processed to remove extraneous tissue and, in the |
| Freeze Dried | case of bone, to deplete trabecular bone marrow. |
| | Freeze-dried to less than 5% residual moisture. |
| Frozen | Frozen to, and stored at, below -40°C. |
| Glycerolized | Disinfected and preserved using high concentration (>90%) glycerol. Free of viable bacteria and fungi by culture. Stored at 2-8°C. |
| Pooled Multiple | Tissue from more than one donor to be processed, or |
| Donor | in process, as a single batch. |
| Pooled Single | Tissue from a single donor to be processed, or in |
| Donor | process, as a single batch. |
| Refrigerated | Refrigerated (between 1 to 10°C; narrower range may be nationally-specified). |

14.3.3 Attributes: Groups

| Term | Definition |
|-------------------|--|
| Pooled Processing | Describes how products were pooled |
| of Products | during processing. (Will be retired as |
| | soon as it is created). |

14.3.3.1 Attributes: Variables

14.3.3.1.1 Pooled Processing of Products

| Term | Definition |
|-----------------|-------------------------------------|
| Default: Not | The tissue was not processed as a |
| pooled | pool. |
| Pooled single | Tissue products from a single donor |
| donor | were processed as a single batch. |
| Pooled multiple | Tissue products from more than one |
| donors | donor were processed as a single |
| | batch. |

14.4 Ocular Terminology

14.4.1 Attribute Groups

| Term | Definition |
|---------------|--------------------------------------|
| Scleral Graft | Specifies the type of scleral graft. |

14.4.2 Attribute Variables

14.4.2.1 Scleral Graft

| Term | Definition |
|----------------|---------------------------------------|
| Default: | Either this attribute group does not |
| Not applicable | apply (tissue class is not Sclera) or |
| or not | the scleral graft type is not |
| specified | specified. |
| Part sclera | A portion of the sclera from one eye. |
| | Complete sclera from one eye |
| Whole sclera | remaining after excision of |
| | corneoscleral disc. |

15 Appendix A

Terminology for Platelet Additive Solutions

Introduction

Platelet additive solutions (PASs) have been utilized for many years. However, the variety and frequency of use of PASs continues to grow as research reveals formulations that yield improved platelet survival, decrease the amount of plasma transfused, and in some cases, allow for pathogen inactivation.

There has been no consistent approach to terminology for these additive solutions. The same formulation can have multiple commercial names, and, in some cases, a term may have more than one meaning.

Terminology

To ensure unambiguous labeling of products containing platelet additive solutions, ICCBBA has adopted a generic nomenclature (Ashford, et al). The nomenclature has the format PAS-X, where X is an alpha character. PASs will be defined in terms of their active ingredients. Therefore, ingredients common to all, such as Sodium Chloride, are not listed. Similarly, Bicarbonate, that is added to some and is a metabolic end product of others, is not listed. The percentage of plasma utilized and the exact amounts of each ingredient in the PAS are also not incorporated into the coding, but may be included as text on the label.

By defining PASs in this generic manner, the system allows

- Solutions with the same active ingredients from different commercial sources to be coded in the same manner
- Ready expansion as new PASs are developed
- Standardized, non-proprietary terminology for PASs
- A common understanding of the ingredients present in a given PAS

Label Text

Because of different languages and regulations around the world, ISBT 128 does not define what text must appear on a blood product label. Conventions for text terminology on the label are best determined at a national level. The Standard, therefore, does not specify that the text used in the database for PASs appear on the label. For example, if a country has been labeling products with "PASIII" or "Intersol," it may continue to do so. However, it would be equally acceptable to use PAS-C as text on the label, and we would encourage this to achieve international consistency.

As mentioned above, the percentage of plasma and quantities of each ingredient, as well as other information required by regulations, may be included in text on the label.

New PAS Codes and Further Information

Requests for further information or requests to add additional PAS solutions to the table should be sent to the ICCBBA technical director at tech.manager@iccbba.org.

Reference Ashford, P., Gulliksson, H, et al.. Standard Terminology for Platelet Additive Solutions. *Vox Sanguinis* (2010) 98, 577-578.